# Shri Dev Suman University New Tehari Uttarakhand

SYLLABUS AND ORDINANCES

Wef - 2015-16

SYLLABUS

OF

M.Sc. (HOME SCIENCE)
(HUMAN DEVELOPMENT)
(FOOD & Nutrition)
(TEXTILE AND CLOTHING)

P.G. Course

# Shri Dev Suman University New Tehari Uttarakhand

SYLLABUS AND ORDINANCES

Wef – 2015-16

SYLLABUS

OF

M.Sc. (HOME SCIENCE)
(HUMAN DEVELOPMENT)

P.G. Course

# DEPARTMENT OF HOME SCIENCE Shri Dev Suman University New Tehari

SYLLABUS OF M.SC.HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

### SEMESTER -1

Paper Theory	Name	Max. Internal	Exam
	Theories of Human Development	1227	Duration
II	Methods of Studying Human	100(80+20)	3 hrs
	Development.	100(80+20)	3 hrs
11	Study of Family in Society		9080
	Computer Application	100(50+20)	3 hrs
		100(40+20)	3 hrs
	Early Childhood are Care and Education	100(4()+20)	3 hrs

Practical		Max.	Exam
//	Methods of Studying Human	Marks	Duration
	Development.	50	3 hrs
18	Early Childhood Care and	+	
	Education	50	3 hrs
	Computer Applications		
	Pricedions	50	4 hrs
		30	4 hrs

Total = 150

Grand Total = 600

\*Internal Assessment

# Shri dev Suman University New Tehari SYLLABUS OF M.SC. HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

SEMESTER -I

Paper Theory	Name	Max. Marks	Exam Duration
1	Theories of Human Development	75 (60 + 15*)	3 hrs
H	Methods of Studying Human Development	75 (60 + 15*)	3 hrs
111	Study of Family In Society	80 (60 + 20*)	3 hrs
IV	Computer Applications	50 (40 + 10*)	3 hrs
V	Early Childhood Care and Education	80 (60 + 20*)	3 hrs

Total 360

Paper Practical	Name	Max. Marks	Exam Duration
VI	Methods of Studying Human Development	40	3 hrs
VII	Early Childhood Care and Education	60	3 hrs
VIII	Computer Applications	40	4 hrs

Total 140 Grand Total 500

<sup>\*</sup> Internal Assessment

#### Semester-I Paper-I Theories of Human Development

Max. Marks: 75 Theory Exam: 60 Int. Assessment. 15 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

#### NOTE:

- Examiner will set nine questions in all
- · All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

#### Unit-I

- Meaning and significance of theories of Human Development.
- Freud's psychoanalytic theory, current status.
- Neo-Freudians-Alfred Adler, Carl Gustav Jung, Enc Erickson.
- Learning theory:
   Pavlov, Skinner, Current Status of learning theory.
- Language development theory of Chomsky.

#### Unit-II

- Cognitive Development theory. Piaget's theory, Neo-Piagetian studies
   Social learning theory-Bandura's theory
- Lewin's field theory.
- Theories of personality.
   Vygotoksy, Roger's Self Theory.
- Ecological theory Urie Bronfenbrenner

#### References

- 1. Aries, P. (1962). Centuries of Childhood, New York, Knopf.
- Crain, W. (1992). Theories of Development, Concepts and applications.
   New Jersey: Prentice
- Hall James, A. and Prout, J. (Ed.). (1990). Constructing and Reconstructing Childhood. London. Ealmer Press.
- Kakar, S. (1977). Culture And Psyche- Selected Essays. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 5. Kakar, S. (1978) The Inner World. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 6 Roland A. (1989). In Search of Self in India and Japan, Princeton, NJ:

Princeton University Press.

 Roland, A. (1996). Cultural pluralism and psychoanalysis. New York: Routledge.

 Smith, JA, Harre, R., and van Lange hove. L (1995) Rethinking Psychology. London: Sage.

9. Vasta, R. (ed.). (1992). Six Theories of Child Development: Revised formulations and current issues.

London: Sessica Kingsley Publishers Ltd.

#### Semester-I Paper-II Methods of Studying Human Development

Max. Marks: 75 Theory Exam: 60 Int. Assessment: 15 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

#### NOTE:

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- · Examiner will set nine questions in all
- All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

#### Unit-I

- Uses and History of Psychological tests.
- Concept of measurement and evaluation.
- 3. Units of measurement Scale, Norms and Transformation.
- Methods of studying Human Development Observation, Interview, Questionnaire, Case study method, sociometry, psychometric.

#### Unit-II

- Anthropometry: Body landmark, instruments, Height, weight and other measurement of nutritional status.
- Reliability and Validity.
- Techniques of evaluation with special reference to Intelligence, personality, Interests and Aptitudes

#### References

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- Aylward, G. (1994). Practitioner's guide to developmental and psychological testing. New York. Plenum Press.
- Blaxter, L., Hughes, C. and Tight, M. (1999). How to Research. New Delhi: Viva Books.
- 3 Hayes, N. (ed). (1997). Doing Qualitative Analysis in Psychology. Hove: Psychology Press.
- Smith, J.A., Harre, R., and van Langenhove, L. (1995). Rethinking Psychology. London. Sage.
- Yin, R. (1994). Case study research: Design and methods (2nd ed.) Beverly Hills, CA: Sage Publication.
- Nagpal, R. and Sell, H. (1985). Subjective well-being inventory. New Delhi: World Health Organization

#### Semester-I Paper-III STUDY OF FAMILY IN SOCIETY

Max. Marks: 80 Theory Exam: 60 Int. Assessment: 20 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

#### NOTE:

- · Examiner will set nine questions in all
- · All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

#### Unit-I

- The family in social context:
  - · Family as a component of social system
  - Function's of family
  - Family life cycle
- Socio-cultural studies of family pattern in India.
  - · Family structure and forms

- Alternate families-Single parents, childless, cohabitation marriage without children.
- Family patterns in India-Tribal. Rural, Urban.
- Role relationship in the family.
- Sex roles and division of labour
- · Cause and effect of family structure on changing roles of family.
- Kinship in India.
- Sociological significance of family.
- Approaches to the study of the family.

#### Unit-II

- Types of family crises and coping strategies- financial, behavioural, interpersonal relationships and health.
- Contemporary issues and concerns
  - Family violence, child maltreatment, sexual abuse(child abuse)
  - Gender role
  - · Divorce and remarriage
  - · Family planning
  - · Effect of industrialization on family
  - · Major world trends in family patterns.
- Family and societal exchanges/influences.
  - · Education and family
  - · Health and family
  - · Ecology and family
  - Religion and family.
- 7. Disadvantaged family- its needs, problems and support mechanism.

#### References

- Adams, B.N. (1975). The Family: A sociological interpretation. Chicago: Rand Mc Nully.
  - 2. Ahuja, R (1997). Indian Social System (2nd Ed.) Jaipur. Rawat.
  - Arcus. H.E. and Others (1993). Handbook of Family Ufe Education: The Practice of Family life education (Vol. II). N.Y.. Sage.
- 4. Bahr, S.J. (1989). Family Interaction. N.Y. Macmillan.
- Bharat, S & Desai, M. (1995). Indian Bibliographies on the Family. Bombay.
   Tata Institute of Social Sciences.
- Bharat, S. (1996). Family measurement in India. New Delhi: Sage.
- Cole mar, J.C. (1988). Intimate relationships: Marriage and family patterns.
   N.Y.: Macmillan.
- 8. Cooer, R (1975). Family: Its structure and functions. New York: Macmillan.
- 9. Das, H.S. & Bardis, P.O. (Eds.) (1978). The World Revolution in Family

Patterns, New York: The Free Press.

 Hoover, H.M. & Hoover, HK (1979). Concepts and methodologies in family. An instructor's resource handbook. Boston. Allyn & Bacon.

 Jahan, R (1995). The elusive agenda: Mainstreaming women in development In Landers and Leonard (Eds.). Seeds supporting Women's Work Around the World. N.Y. The Feminist Pres.

 Kesberg, J.I. (1992). Family care of the elderly: Social and Cultural Changes. N.Y.: Sage.

13. Leslie, G.R (1988). The family in social context, New York: Oxford.

 Lerner, RM. (Ed.). (1978). Child influences on marital and family interaction: A life span

perspective: N.Y. Academic Press.

 Lock, S.L. (1992). Sociology of the Family. London: Prentice Hall.
 Mandelbaum, D.G. (1972). Society in India: Continuity and Change. Berkley: Univ. of California Press.

Queen, SA (1985). The Family in Various Cultures. (5th Ed.) N.Y.: Harper.
 Row.

 Ramu, G.N. (1989). Women Work and Marriage in Urban India: A Study of Dual aCld Single

Earner Couples, New Delhi, Sage,

19 Rao, U.P.P. & Rao, V.N. (1985). Marriage: The Family and Women in India. New Delhi:

Heritage.

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 Sriram, R. (1993). Family Studies in India: Appraisal and New Directions. In T.S. Saraswathi

and B. Kaur (Eds.) Human Development and Family Studies in India: An Agenda for Research

and Policy. New Delhi': Sage.

 Touliatos, J. and Others (Eds.) (1990). Handbook of Family Measurement Techniques.

Newbury Park: Sage.

#### Semester I Paper IV Computer Applications

Max. Marks: 50 Theory Exam: 40 Int. Assessment: 10 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

#### Note:

- · Examiner will set nine questions in all
- · All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each unit.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

#### Unit-I

General awareness of computers and its applications. Introduction to various Input and Output devices like Key board, Printers, CD-ROM, mouse, floppy, Monitors, Introduction to DOS, MS DOS

MS- Windows MS- Word

#### Unit-II

MS- Power Point MS- Excel Internet: What is Internet? E-mail Browsers

Any package related to Home Science

# Semester I Paper-V EARLY CHILDHOOD CARE AND EDUCATION

Max. Marks: 80 Theory Exam: 60 Int. Assessment: 20 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

#### NOTE:

- Examiner will set nine questions in all
- All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

#### Unit-I

#### Principles of Early childhood Care and Education

- Importance, need and scope of ECCE
- Objectives of ECCE
- Types of preschools/programmes: Play centres, day care, Montessori, kindergarten, balwadi, anganwadi etc.
- Historical Trends (Overview)
  - Contribution of the following thinkers to the development of ECCE (their principles, applications and limitations) in the context of ECCE.
  - Pestalozzi, Rousseou, Froebel, Maria Montessori, John Dewey, Gijubhai Badheka, Tarabai Modak, M.K. Gandhi, Rabindranath Tagore.

#### ECCE in India

- Pre Independence period, Post Independence Kothari Commission, contribution of the five-year plans to ECCE - Yashpal Committee, Maharashtra Preschool Centre Act. -
- Contribution of the following agencies/programmes to ECCE in India.

ICCW, IAPE, NCERT ICDS, UNICEF, NCTE, Mobile Creche etc.

#### Unit-II

#### 5. Organisation of Pre-School Centres

- Concept of organisation and administration of early childhood centres.
- Administrative set up and functions of personnel working at different levels.
- Building and equipment location and site, arrangement of rooms, different types and size of rooms, play ground, storage facilities, selection of different types of outdoor and indoor equipment, maintenance and display of equipment and material
- Staff/Personnel Service conditions and role: Role and responsibilities, essential qualities of a care giver/teacher, other personnel.
- Record and Report: Types, aim and purpose/need, general characteristics e.g. anecdotal, cumulative, sample work, medical etc.

#### 6. Programme Planning

Principles of Programme Planning, Long term & short term planning (Annual, Monthly, weekly and daily planning), Theme Planning

#### Suggested Activities for ECCE:

- · Art and Craft Activities
- Music.
- Mathematics, Science and Social Studies.
- Language Arts.

#### References

- Bhatia & Bhatia (1995). Theory and Principles of Education, Doaba. House.
   Delhi.
- Brewer, JA (1998). Introduction to early childhood Education. (3rd Ed.). Boston: Allyn & Bacon.
- Carol, E.C. and Jan Allen (1993). Early childhood curriculum, University of Tennessee, New York.

#### Macmillan.

- 4. Day Barbara (1983), Early childhood education, New York, Macmillan
- Gordon & Browne (1989). Beginning and Beyong, Second edition. Delmar Pub. Inc.
- Grewal, J.S. (1984). Early childhood education, Agra National Psychological Corporation Pub.
- Hildebrand Vema (1981). Introduction to Early Childhood Education, N.Y... Macmillan.
- 8. Hildebrand Vema (1985). Guiding the young child, N.Y.: Macmillan.

 Jenkins, E. (1977). A practical guide to early childhood curriculum, C.V. Mostey Co.

10. Judith, E and Meyers, RG. (2000). Early Childhood Counts: A

programming guide on early Childhood Care for Development, Washington: The World Bank. (Learning

Resource 3eries).

11. Kaul, V. (1997). Early childhood education programme, New Delhi: NCERT.

12. Kohn Ruth (1972). The Exploring Child. Mumbai: Orient Longman.

 Kulkarni S. (1988). Parent Education, Perspectives and Approaches. Jaipur. Ravat Publications.

14. Maxim G. (1980). The very young, California: Wordsworth.

Mohanti & Mohanti (1996). Early childhood care & education. New Delhi:
 Deep & Deep

Publication.

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Kayness: Open University Press.

17, Mutlidharan, R (1991). Guide to nursery school teacher. New Delhi: NCERT.

18. Pankajam, G. (1994). Preschool Education. Ambala : Indian Pub.

19. Rao, V.K. and S. Khurshid-ul-Islam (Eds.) (1997), Early Childhood. Care and Education, New

Delhi: Commonwealth Publication. .

20, Read Katherine (1980). The Nursery School, Halt Rinehart & Winston.

21. Saraswathi, T.S. (1988). Issues in Child Development, Curriculum & Other Training &

Employment, Mumbai: Somaiya.

Swaminathan Mina. A source book on early childhood care and education.
 UNESCO, Clinical

co-operative programme, Paris.

23. Swaminathan, M. (Ed.) (1998). The first Five Years: a critical perspective on Early Childhood

Care and Education in India. New Delhi: -Sage.

24. Wagh Anutal. How to run a Balwadi, Thane: Gram Balshikshan Kendra.

#### Semester I Paper-VI Methods of Studying Human Development (Practical)

Max. Marks: 40 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

- Overview of methods of child study.
- · Tests scales and other methods of assessment of
  - Intelligence
  - ii. Social and personality development
  - iii. Emotional development.
  - iv. Cognitive development
  - v. Language Development
  - vi. Physical and motor development
  - vii. Home Environment
- Field report and project

# Semester I Paper VII EARLY CHILDHOOD CARE AND EDUCATION (Practical)

Max. Marks: 60 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

#### Practical

- Visits to various centres, which cater to the preschool stage e.g.: Day care Centre, Balwadi, Anganwadi, Mobile Creche etc.
- Preparing a resource unit file on the basis of play way method/approach.
- Preparing teaching material kit and presentation in mock set, up:-
  - Story and their techniques
  - Types of puppets and mobiles.
  - · Arts and crafts portfolio
  - Song booklet and low cost musical instruments.
  - Readiness games and material
  - Picture talk and object take related material etc.
- Planning and executing activities in ECCE centers.

- Role plays of home visits and conducting a home visit to a family known through practice teaching.
- Planning of parent teacher meeting: Stimulation of meeting/even/function-planning programme-evaluating and reporting the programme.

7 Observation of Nursery Schools/ NGOs /Orphanage/any other organization for one week.

#### Semester I Paper-VIII Computer Applications (Practical)

Max. Marks: 40

Duration of Exam. 4 hrs

- 1 Determination of addition, Subtraction and average
- 2 MS-Word

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- 3 MS-Power Point
- 4 MS-Excel
- 5 Internet.
- 6 E-mail
- 7 Project report

#### DEPARTMENT OF HOME SCIENCE Shri Dev Suman University New Tehari SYLLABUS OF M.SC. HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

SEMESTER -II

Paper Theory	Name	Max. Marks	Exam
IX	Advance Study in Human Development-I		Duration
X XI	Research Methods and Statistics	70 (55 + 15*)	3 hrs
The Administration of the Control of	Population Education & Family Welfare	100 (80 + 20*)	3 hrs
	Addiescence and Youth	70 (55 + 15*)	3 hrs
XIII	Management of Programmes for Children	70 (55 + 15*)	3 hrs
	and Family	70 (55 + 15*)	3 hrs

#### Total 380

Paper Practical	Name	Max. Marks	Exam Duration
XIV	Adolescence and Youth		20,000
XV	Management of Programmes for Children	40	3 hrs
	and family	60 (40 + 20)	3 hrs
	Seminar		I FOUNTED
		20	

#### Total 120 Grand Total 500

\*\* Viva-voce of training report

<sup>\*</sup> Internal Assessment

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>A committee of three teachers will evaluate the seminar of each student and marks will be awarded based on subject matter, presentation and ability

# Semester-II Paper-IX Advance Study in Human Development -I

Max. Marks: 70 Theory Exam: 55 Int. Assessment: 15 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

#### NOTE:

- · Examiner will set nine questions in all
- · All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

#### Unit-I

- Principles and concept of Development
  - Principles of growth and development.
  - Basic concepts of development, maturation and learning, sensitive periods, individual differences, nature-nurture issues.
  - Secular trends in growth
  - Developmental tasks.
- Prenatal development.
  - Recapitulation of stages in prenatal development, genetics and environmental factors: maternal conditions and tertogens.
  - Birth process and the neonate.
- Infancy: (Birth 2 years)
  - The newborn: Physical description, sensory & perceptional capacities and reflexes.
  - Becoming co-coordinated-feeding, sleeping, crying.
  - Imitation, object permanence & other cognitive accomplishments.
  - Early language development.
  - Social relationships during infancy
  - Early emotional development temperament and attachment.

#### Unit-II

- Early Childhood (2-6 years)
  - Physical and motor development.
  - Language, cognition and emotions in early years.

- Play and social relationships, pro-social behaviour, the emerging self.
- Early socialization.

#### Middle Childhood (7 - 11 years)

- Physical and motor development; changes and challenges
- Personality development
- Cognitive, moral and language development
- Social relationship Peers & siblings.
- The experience of schooling academic achievement

#### Adolescence (11 - 18 years)

- Development of Formal Operations adolescent thought, integration of the self: issues of identity.
- Transition from childhood to sexual maturity Puberty and its consequences.
- Early Vs Late matures and emotional changes.
- Role of family, peers.
- Moral reasoning and judgment.
- Special Issue: health, sexuality.

#### References

- 1. Rice, F.P. (1995), Human Development, New Jersey, Prentice Hall.
- Berk, LE. (1995). Child Development. London: Allyn & Bacon.
- Cole, M. & Cole, S. (1993). The development of children. (2nd ed.) New Vork: Scientific

American Books Freeman & Co.

- 4. Dutt, S. (1998). Moral Values in child Development, New Delhi: Annul.
- Santrock, J.W. & Vussen, S.R. (1988). Child development: An introduction. Ioln t. Wm. C. Brown

Publishers:

- 6. Bee, H. (1997). The developing child (VIII ed.). New Vork: Longman.
- Clarke-Stewart, A. & Friedman, S. (1987). Child development: Infancy through adolescence. New

York: John Wiley.

 Mussen, P.H.; Conger, J.J.; Kagan, J. & Huston, A.C. (1996). Child development and personality.

New York: Harper & Row.

# Semester II Paper-X Research Methods & Statistics

Max. Marks: 100 Theory Exam: 80 Int. Assessment: 20

Duration of Exam. 3 hrs

#### Note:

- · Examiner will set nine questions in all
- · All the questions will carry equal marks
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- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each unit.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

#### Unit-

Nature of research in Home Science, scientific approach.

Types of Research: Experimental, Field studies, Case study, and Survey research.

Designing research: Problem, hypothesis, concept and types of variables (dependent, independent, random, discrete, continuous, qualitative and quantitative).

Methods of data collection: Interview, observation, questionnaire, rating scales.

Research Designs: randomized groups, matched groups, pre and post test and factorial.

Sampling: Meaning, importance and types, random (simple, stratified, cluster), Non random (incidental, purposive, quota)

#### Unit-II

Statistics: Meaning, primary data, array, frequency, frequency distribution and its types.

Measures of central tendency: Mean, Median, Mode, Measures of dispersion range, mean deviation, standard deviation, root mean square deviation, variance, moments about origin and moments about mean. Binomial and Normal distribution, Skewness and Kurtosis.

Parameter & Statistic, sampling distribution and sampling error, standard error.

Tests of significance: Null hypothesis, Alternative hypothesis, levels of significance- Type I and Type II errors, chi-square: goodness of fit.

T- test: single mean, Independent mean, paired mean, Analyses Variance: One-way & Two-way. Correlation -Pearson's correlation, scatter diagram. Spearman's correlation.

Significance of difference between correlations

#### Books Recommended:

- 1. S.C. Gupta & V.K. Kapoor: Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics
- 2. S.C. Gupta: Fundamentals of statistics
- 3 G. Udny Yule, N.M.G. Kendall: An Introduction to the theory of Statistics
- 4 Croxton, F.C. and Cowden, D. J. Applied General Statistics, Prentics hall Inc. 1955
- Garrett, H. Statistical in Psychology and Education. Oxford book Co. 1960.
- J. R.P. Hooda: Introduction to statistics. The MacMillon Co.
- Scotharman, W. A. Textbook of Statistics, (Revised edition) 1973.
- 6 Kerlinge, Foundations of Behavioral Research
- 7 Sneedecer G. W. Statistical Methods. Applied Pacific Private Ltd., 1961.

## Semester II Paper-XI POPULATION EDUCATION AND FAMILY WELFARE

Max. Marks: 70 Theory Exam: 55 Int. Assessment: 15 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

#### NOTE:

- · Examiner will set nine questions in all
- All the questions will carry equal marks.
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

#### Unit-l

- Study of population and population dynamics in developed and developing countries.
- Population education Role of national international and non governmental agencies.

- Population statistics with special reference to children and women infant mortality and morbidity.
- Population growth.
- Birth control measures

#### Unit-II

- Reproductive and child health programmes. Reproductive rights of women.
- Family welfare services- community based assistance to family, day care services, services for families in poverty and with problem children.
- Family law and family courts
- Agencies and organizations involved in the welfare of children, women and family.
- 10. National commission for women.

### Semester II Paper-XII ADOLESCENCE AND YOUTH

Max. Marks: 70 Theory Exam: 55 Int. Assessment: 15 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

#### NOTE:

- · Examiner will set nine questions in all
- · All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

#### Unit-I

#### The adolescent stage

- The concept of adolescence, Its link with middle childhood and youth.
- Characteristics of adolescence
- Developmental tasks of adolescence.

#### Physical and sexual development

- Puberty, development of primary and secondary sex characteristics.
- Psychological response to puberty.

- Sexuality and sex education.
- Causes of HIV/AIDS and prevention.

#### Cognitive and moral development

- Formal operation Piaget's theory, changes in reasoning abilities
- Moral reasoning and judgment. (Kohlberg's stages)

#### 4. Identity formation

 Different perspectives: construct of self and development of self concept.

#### Unit-II

#### 5. Social and emotional development

- Peers and friendships. Interpersonal relations ( parents , siblings).
- Heightened emotionality.
- Conflict with parents and grandparents.

#### School, college, work and career

- Adolescence and youth in the context of differential opportunities for education and formal training.
- Importance of academic achievements and failure, related issues.

#### 7. Marriage

- Legal age and its relationship to development.
- Marriage choices and significance of marriage in human development.

#### 8. Delinquency and disturbance

- Juvenile delinquency: cause and prevention.
- Psychological disturbances: depression, suicide, and substance abuse.

#### References

- 1. Balk, D.E. (1995). Adolescent development. New York: Brooks! Cole.
- 2. Erikson, E.H. (1968). Identity: Youth and crisis. London: Faber & Faber
- Kroger, J. (1996). Identity in adolescence. London: Routledge.
- 4. Kakar, S. (1992), Identity and adulthood. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- NIPCCD. (2000). Adolescent Girls' Scheme An evaluation, New Delhi: NIPCCD.
- Sharma, N. (1996). Identity of the adolescent girl. New Delhi: Discovery Publishing House.
- Saraswathi, T.S. & Dutta, R. (1988). Invisible boundaries: Grooming for adult roles. New Delhi:
  - Northern Book Centre
- B. Sharma, N. (1999). Understanding adolescence. New Delhi: National Book Trust.

#### Semester II Paper-XIII

#### MANAGEMENT OF PROGRAMMES FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES

Max. Marks: 70 Theory Exam: 55 Int. Assessment: 15 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

#### NOTE:

- · Examiner will set nine questions in all
- · All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

#### Unit-I

- Programme Planning Definition, Objectives, Principles, steps in planning.
- Defining the project goals. Steps in goal formation.

#### Unit-II

- Management of the project: Meaning, objectives, characteristics, steps and importance of management skills.
- Monitoring and Evaluation: Supervision, meetings to plan, feedback, project report, programme evaluation and Review Techniques.
- Child and Family Welfare programmes in India- Recent approaches.

#### References

- Chaudhary, P. (1985). Child Welfare Services. New Delhi: Atmaram & Sons.
- 2 Daughtery, A.S. and Ricks, B.A. (1989). Contemporary Supervision. Managing people and

technology. New York. Mac Grawh Hill.

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- Social welfare Administration Vot 1, Theory & Practice, S. L. Goel, R. K. Jain, Deep & Deep

Publications, New Delhi 1988.

# Semester II Paper-XIV ADOLESCENCE AND YOUTH (Practical)

Max. Marks: 40 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

Visit to various centers catering to youth

2 Preparing a youth education programmes

3 Plan and organize debates and discussions for adolescents for healthy and responsible sexual behavior to prevent HIV/AIDS

4 Organizing a play for youth education

5 Organizing a quiz on any relevant topic for today's youth

# Semester II Paper-XV MANAGEMENT OF PROGRAMMES FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES (Practical)

Max. Marks: 60

Practical Exam: 40

Training: 20

Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

1 Prepare a project plan based on the information secured on an existing program in the locality. (As a learning exercise on a Known case).

2 Organise and implement some activities and evaluate impact. Prepare report.

3 Identification of specific programmes for children and families.

4 One month training in preschools/ NGOs /Orphanage /Old Age home /any other welfare organization and report submission.

### DEPARTMENT OF HOME SCIENCE Shri Dev Suman University New Tehari SYLLABUS OF M.SC. HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

SEMESTER -III

Paper Theory	Name SEMESTER -III	Max. Marks	Exam
XVI	Communication Technologies	S.A.(3)(3)(18)(18)(18)(18)(18)(18)(18)(18)(18)(18	
XVII	Principles of Guidance & Counseling	75 (60+15*)	Duration 3 hrs
XVIII	Advanced Study of Houseling	75 (60+15*)	3 hrs
	Advanced Study of Human Development-II Women Studies	75 (60+15+)	3 hrs
XX	Care of the Elderly	75 (60+15*)	3 hrs
	THE THE PARTY OF T	75 (60+15*)	3 hrs

PRACTICAL:

Paper	Name	-	
Practical XXI	Principles of Guidance & Courselle	Max. Marks	Exam Duration
XXII	Care of the Elderly	60	4 hrs
		65	4 hrs

<sup>\*</sup> Internal Assessment

#### Semester – III Paper XVI Communication Technologies

Max. Marks: 75 Theory Exam: 60 Int. Assessment: 15

Duration of Exam. 3 hrs

#### NOTE:

- · Examiner will set nine questions in all
- All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

#### Unit-I

- Concept of communication. Scope of communication, communication process, approaches to communication.
- 2. Different media, their characteristics and use.
- 3. Use of video projector, slide/filmstrip projector computers.

#### Unit-II

- Introduction to new communication technologies.
  - Satellite distribution and broadcast networking.
  - Close circuit television package on (cc TV) topics.
  - Incorporating the use of video films in presentation i.e. the selected clippings.
  - Slides" Making use of slides with audio commentaries for presentations.
  - Development and use of transparencies.
  - Digital method of communication.
  - Computer Graphic Designing
- 5. Preparation of graphics for research reports/seminars/other presentation.
- Designing-leaflets/pamphlets/booklets/cover pages/posters.
- 7. Presentations using power points.

#### REFERENCES:

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- Banerjee (eds) (1985): Culture and Communication, Paroit Publishers, Delhi.
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- Chatterjee, P.C. (1988): Broadcasting in India, New Delhi, Sage Publications.
- Berger, C.R. and Chaffee, S. (eds) (1987): Handbook of Communication Science, Sage Publications, New Delhi.
- Brown J., Lewis, R and Harcleroad, F. (1985): All instruction: Technology Media and Methods, McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- Ellington, H. (1985): A Handbook of Educational Technology, Kogan Page. London.

# Semester - III Paper XVII Principles of Guidance and Counselling

Max. Marks: 75
Theory Exam: 60
Int. Assessment: 15
Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

#### NOTE:

- Examiner will set nine questions in all
- All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

#### Unit -1

- Meaning, Nature, need and principles of guidance.
- 2. Area of guidance-educational, vocational and personal guidance.
- Group guidance-Techniques of group guidance.
- 4. Organisation of guidance services.

#### Unit -II

- Psychotherapy and Playtherapy
- 6. Counselling meaning, need, aims and principles
- Approaches to Counselling
- Special areas in Counselling.
- Counselling children with special concerns Child abuse, children with divorce, children in step families, children in single parent families, children in alcoholic families.
- Counselling with exceptional children; gifted children, children with emotional and behaviour disorders, learning disabled child, attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, mentally retarded children, children with physical disability.

#### REFERENCES:

- 1. Burnard, P. (1999). Counselling skills training. New Delhi: Viva Books.
- Manthel, R. (1997), Counselling: The skills of finding solutions to problems. London: Routledge.
- Nicolson, D & Ayers, H. (1995). Individual Counselling: Therapy and practice: London: David Fulton.

# Semester - III Paper XVIII Advanced Study in Human Development-II

Max. Marks: 75 Theory Exam: 60 Int. Assessment: 15 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

#### NOTE:

- · Examiner will set nine questions in all
- All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

#### Unit -I

- 1. Youth/Young adulthood (20-35 years)
  - Physical Development
  - -Developmental tasks.
  - -Sexuality, marriage, marital adjustment, parenthood.
- 2. Middle adulthood (35-50 years)
  - Physical continuity and changes.
  - Adult Intelligence
  - Personality development
  - Role in family -Maintaining family relationships.
  - -Friendships
  - -Menopause in women. Adult sexuality, Vocational Development.

#### Unit -II

- 3. Late Adulthood (50-65 years)
  - Continuity and change in personality
  - -The family life cycle
  - -Social relationships.
  - -Grand parenthood-intergenerational relations.
  - -Retirement from formal work.
  - -Health and disease
- 4. Old age (65+ years)
  - Physical aspects of aging.
  - -Change in cognitive abilities and creativity.
  - -Psychosocial development.
  - -Changes in family life cycle. Health and disease.
  - -Death, dying and bereavement.

#### REFERENCES:

- Rice, F.P. (1992). Human development: A life span approach. New Jersey. Prentice Hall.
- Schlamberg, L.B. & Smith, K.U. (1982). Human Development. New York Macmillan.
- Santrock, J.W. (1997). Life span development. Brown and Benchmark.
- Lefrancois, G.R. (1996). The life span. New York: Wadsworth publishing.
- Deals, S.M. & Lenker, L.T. (Eds.) (1999). Aging and identity. London. Praeger.

#### SEMESTER - III Paper XIX Women Studies

Max. Marks. 75 Theory Exam. 60 Int. Assessment. 15 Duration of Exam. 3 hrs

#### NOTE:

- · Examiner will set nine questions in all
- · All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

#### Unit I

- The rationale for Women's Studies.
  - Meaning and significance
  - Growth of women's studies in India and other countries.
  - The women's movement in India
- Theoretical perspectives in women's studies.
  - Consequences of gender differences
- Status of Women in India.

#### Unit - II

- Understanding concepts related to gender differences from societal and developmental perspective.
  - Patriarchy
  - Caste, class culture and gender interface
  - Gender and education
  - Economic empowerment and gender
  - Development processes and programmes from women's perspective.
- Problems and issues related to women in India
  - Child marriage
  - Female foeticide, infanticide

- Female mortality
- Discrimination in nutrition and health care
- Socialization of girl child
- Dowry

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- Violence
- Women's identity
- Educational opportunities and sex based education
- Employment
- Women in Politics
- Legal status of women

#### REFERENCES:

- Astana. P. (1974) Women's movement in India. Vikas, Delhi, 1
- Antony, M.L. (1985). Women's Rights: Dialogue, New Delhi.
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- Baral, J.K. and Patnaik, K. (1990). Gender Politics, New Delhi: Discovery.
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- Joseph. A & Sharma K.(Eds)(1994). Whose News? The media and Women's 10. Issues: Sage, New Delhi,
- Kalia, N.N. (1979). Sexism in Indian Education Vikas. New Delhi. 11
- Jain, D & Banerjee, N.(1985). The Tyranny of House Hold. Investigative essays on women and work. Vikas, New Delhi. 12.
- Okin, S.M. (1989), Justice, gender and family. Basic Books N.Y. 13:
- Pant. N (1995) Status of girl child and women in India. Delhi: APH 14.
- Parashar, A. (1992). Women and Family law reforms in India: Uniform civil code and gender equity Sage, New Delhi. 15.

#### SEMESTER - III Paper XX Care of the Elderly

Max. Marks: 75 Theory Exam: 60 Int. Assessment: 15 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

#### NOTE:

- Examiner will set nine questions in all
- All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II. four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

#### Unit -I

#### Intraduction

- Emergence and scope of gerontology and elderly care.
- Concept of aging and problems: Social, medical, psychological problems, occupational etc.

#### Theoretical perspectives

Theories: Disengagement theory, Activity theory, Human development theory, Age stratification theory.

#### Aging Process

- Biological and physiological aspects, Psychological aspects; Social aspect Social Status, retired status, single status, economic status, security, social adjustment and recognition;
- Spiritual aspects: Karma theory and religion;
- Economic aspects

#### Unit -II

- Adjustment Patterns and Changing Lifestyles in Old Age
  - Family patterns in later life. Changing roles and the aging family.
     Conjugal Husband Wife Relations in old age, Sexual adjustment.
  - Retirement years and marital adjustment.
  - Intergenerational family relations: Grand parenthood; Widowhood/ Singlehood; Alternative lifestyle: Second marriage in the later life.

Work, leisure and retirement patterns

Work - Meaning of work, individual motivation, Leisure, Retirement benefits, freedom of retirees, change in personal and social life, problems like - sense of loss, women retirees.

Attitude towards retirement: Poverty, poor health, retirement and

suicide, abandonment, liberation and diachronic solidarity

Death Dying and Bereavement 6.

Impact of death on society. Attitude towards death; Donial and thoughts of death; bereavement, grief and social setting.

Services and programs for the Aged 7

Categories of services: Housing, health, leisure time activities; institution for the aged, day care centres; economic programmes; Re-engagement (after retirement).

#### REFERENCES:

Э

- Aiken, L.R. (1978). The psychology of later life, Philadelphia: WB Saunders Company.
- Bergmann, Klaus (1972). Aged: Their understanding and care, London: Wolfe Pub.
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- Cox Harold (1984) Later life: The reality of aging. New Jersy: Prentice Hall Inc.
- Desai, K.G. (1985). Problems of the retired people in greater Bumbay. Bombay: TISS. Series No. 27.
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- Mishra Saraswati (1987), Social Adjustment of Old Age. Delhi: B.R. Pub. Corp.
- 16. Pinkston, P.H. and N.K. Linsk (1984). Care of the Elderly. A family approach. New York Pergamon Perss.
- 17 Schlamberg Lawrence, B. (1985). Human Development, New York : Macmillan.
- 18 Sharma, M.L. & T.M. Dak (1987). Aging in India: Challenge for the Society. Delhi: Janta Pub.

# SEMESTER - III Paper: XXI Principles of Guidance and Counseling (Practical)

Max Marks: 60 Duration of Exam: 4 hrs

#### Practical

- Interaction with practicing counsellers and therapists through visit to school, clinics, women centers and hospitals etc.
- Organizing parent education programs based on parents needs.
- A case study
- Reports and resource files to be maintained by students.

# SEMESTER - III Paper: XXII Care of the Elderly (Practical)

Max Marks: 65 Duration of Exam: 4 hrs

#### Practical

- Visit to and report of old age centers / homes.
- Organize recreational activities in homes for the aged.
- Prepare case studies on any two inmates.
- Arranging special service / counseling activities for the aged with the help of resource person, if necessary e.g. Yoga, Lectures etc.

#### SYLLABUS

# Shri Dev Suman University New Tehari SYLLABUS OF M.SC. HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

#### SEMESTER -IV

#### THEORY:

Paper Theory	Name	Max. Marks	Exam
XXIII	Mental Health in Developmental Perspective		Duration
XXIV	Parent and community Education	75 (60+15*)	3 hrs
XXV	Child & Human Rights	75 (60+15*)	3 hrs
XXVI	Development of the Self **	75 (60+15*)	3 hrs
XXVII	Persons with Disabilities	75 (60+15*)	3 hrs
1.00.0.9.41	, crooms with disabilities	75 (60+15*)	3 hrs

#### PRACTICAL:

Paper Practical	Name	Max. Marks	Exam Duration
XXVIII	Parent and Community Education	40	
XXIX	Persons with Disabilities	40	4 hrs
	Seminar	40	4 hrs
		20	
	Internship	25	

<sup>\*</sup> Internal Assessment

Note: \*\*In the place of Paper XXVI (Development of the Self) students may opt for Dissertation in MSc-II, subject to the condition that the students has obtained 70% or more marks after II semester (M.Sc-I year)

## SEMESTER - IV Paper XXIII Mental Health in Developmental Perspective

Max. Marks: 75 Theory Exam: 60 Int. Assessment: 15 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

### NOTE:

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- Examiner will set nine questions in all
- · All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

### Unit - 1

- Mental Health
  - Definition, concept and importance of mental health, holistic health, well being and happiness.
  - National Mental Health Program of India (1982)
  - Community mental health needs and programmes.
- Infancy
  - Implication of attachment and bonding for mental health, Maternal Deprivation Syndrome.
  - Intervention with families and professionals from allied fields.
- Early Childhood Years

Signs, Causes, Prevention and Management of

- feeding problem, aggression,
- withdrawal, problems related to early schooling
- Middle Childhood

Signs, Causes, Prevention and Management of

- truancy, school phobia
- Conduct disorder
- Childhood Depression , Child abuse (including child sexual abuse)

### Unit II

Adolescence

Signs, Causes, Prevention and Management of

- Problem related to sexuality, Academic Problems
- Aggression and Substance Abuse
- Depression and Suicide
- 6 Adulthood

Mental health problems in the community.

- Life events that cause stress e.g. separation due to death, migration etc.
- Substances abuse and addiction.
- Violence and sexual abuse
- Management of stress: counseling, training in relaxation, yoga, meditation.

### REFERENCES:

- Barry, P.D. (1990), Mental Health and Mental Illness (4th ed) Philadelphia. J.B. Lippincott Co.
- Bono, E.de(1991) handbook for the Positive Revolution, London: Penguin Publications
- Carler, F. & Cheesman, P(1988). Anxiety in childhood & adolescenceencouraging self-help through relaxation training London: Croom Helm.
- 4. Goleman, D (1996) Emotional Intelligence, N.Y., Bantam Books
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- Grahamm, P.J., Jegede, R.O., Kapur, M. Minde, C., Nikapota, A.P. & Sell, H.L. (1983). A manual on child mental health and psychosocial development Part II. for primary health workers. New Delhi WHO
- Kapur, M. (1995), Mental Health of Indian Children, New Delhi: Sage Publications.

### Semester - IV Paper: XXIV Parent and Community Education

Max. Marks: 75 Theory Exam 60 Int. Assessment: 15 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

### NOTE:

- Examiner will set nine questions in all
- All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

### Unit I

- Parenthood: meaning and different theoretical views: 1\_
  - Tasks of 'Parenting' and being a competent parent
    - Changing concept of parenthood and childhood.
- Parent and community Education: 2
  - Concept, principles, objectives and need
- Parent involvement: 3.
  - In decision and policy development and other activities.
- Involvement of fathers; need and role of fathers in child development 4
- Techniques of Parent and community Education: 5.
  - Informal meeting, group and individual meetings.
  - Parent and toy library
  - Parent's corner and workshop/ demonstration centers
  - Open house
  - Written and printed materials

- Content of Parent and Community Education
  - Development, problems, needs and rights of children
  - Child rearing and disciplinary techniques, socialization and parental beliefs in various socio-cultural settings.
  - Importance of nutrition, hygiene, health and play for children
  - Family planning importance and methods

- Formulating curricula for parent and community education.
- Parent initiated curricula need and assessment techniques.
- Expert oriented curricula- guidance and action oriented.
- Contribution of different agencies and community centres in parent and community education.
- Contribution of different agencies and community centers in parent and community education.
  - Family planning centers
  - Hospitals
  - Maternity and child welfare centers
  - Schools
  - PTA
  - ICDS
- Contribution of different professionals in parent and community education.
- 11 Training programmes for young parents: content and need
- 12 Evaluation of parent and community education programmes.

### REFERENCES:

- Bigner, J(1979); Parent child relations: An introduction to parenting. N.Y.: McMillan Pub.
- Brim, Haman (1980): Learning to be parents, principles, programmes and methods. Saga Pub.
- Fine Marwin (1980): Handbooks on parent education, New York. Academic Press Inc.
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- Gillian, Pugh (1984): The needs of parents, practice and policy in parent education, Macmillan
- Gupte (1991); Speaking of Child Care, Everything You Wanted to Know. (2nd Ed.) New Delhi: Sterling.
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- Naidu, U.S. and Nakhate. V.S. (1985). Child Development Studies in India. Bombay: Tata Institute of Social Sciences.
- Wagh, Anutai (1984): Parent and Community Participation in the Preschool Programme, New Delhi : NCERT.

## SEMESTER - IV Paper: XXV CHILD AND HUMAN RIGHTS

Max Marks: 75 Theory Exam: 60 Int. Assessment: 15 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

### NOTE:

- · Examiner will set nine questions in all
- · All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

### Unit -l

- Definition and Evolution of Rights.
  - Human rights
  - Child rights
  - Women's rights
  - -Convention
- Status of Indian Children and their rights
  - Gender disparities (infanticide, foeticide, girl child)
  - Children in difficult circumstances (Children of prostitutes, child prostitutes, Child labour, street children and refugee children)
  - Children with special needs.

### Unit-II

- 3. Status of Women and their Rights
  - -Forms of violation of women's rights
  - -Violence against women in home, workplaces and society.
  - -Health and nutrition based deprivations
  - -Crime against women. Sexual harassment, rape
  - -Political discrimination
- Classification of Human Rights
  - Civil rights

- Political rights
- Economic rights

- Educational rights
- Legal rights
- Social rights
- Cultural rights
- International rights
- Environmental and developmental rights.
- Child Adoption and its Laws 5

### REFERENCES:

- 1. Butteworth, D. and Fulmer, A. (1993). Conflict. Control Power, Perth. Child and Family
- Bruner, T. (1986). Actual minds-possible words. London: Havard University Press.
- Digumerti, B.R., Digurmarti, P.L. (1998). International Encyclopedia of Women (Vol.1). New
- D'Souza, C. and Menon, J. Understanding Human Rights (Series 1-4), Bombay Research and Documentation Centre, St. Plus College.
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- Government of India (1992b), National Plan of Action: A commitment to the Child. Department of Women and child Development, New Delhi.
- Government of India (1993c). Education for All: The India Scene, Department of Education.
- Government of India (1993d), Ministry of Finance, Economic Survey 1992-93, New Delhi.
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- 12. National Institute of Nutrition (1993) Nutrition Trends in India, National Institute of Nutrition, Indian Council of Medical Research, Hyderabad
- 13. National Institute of Public Corporation and Child Development (1993). A Statistics on Children in India Packet Book 1993, New Delhi,
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- 18, UNICEF (1992), Rights of the Child World-Declaration and Plan of Action from the World. Summit for Children and the Convention on the Rights of the Child, New Delhi.
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- 21 UNICEF (1993). Annex to the Annual Report on Goals and Indicators, New Delhi
- 22. UNICEF (1993). Policy on Child Labour, New Delhi.

23. Weiner, Myron (1991) The Child and the State in India, U X : Oxford University Press.

### SEMESTER - IV Paper: XXVI Development of the Self

Max. Marks, 75 Theory Exam. 60 Int. Assessment: 15 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

### NOTE:

- Examiner will set nine questions in all
- All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II. four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

### Unit I

- Definitions of Development and Self
  - Linking the individual and the group, self-concept and self esteem.
- Approaches to self
  - Enquiry and introspection. Memories of childhood and their influence.
- The self in the life span
  - Significance of birth, role of childhood experiences changing roles and responsibilities.
  - With age; the sense of self at adolescence
  - Influence of family, peers and school on the development of self esteem.
  - Community and culture in relation to the development of self.

### Unit II

- Gender Identity and the self
  - Biological, psychological and cultural aspects of being male and female, stereotypes, beliefs and gender discrimination.
  - Cultural and sub cultural differences.
- Role of spirituality and religion in the development of the self: Experiences, values, beliefs and attitudes in society.
- Self

### Improvement techniques

### REFERENCES:

- Kakar, S. (1978). The inner world. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
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- 4. Liewellyn-Jones, D. (1971). Every women. London. Faber and Faber
- Mead. M.(1976). Male and Female UK. Penguin.
- Bee.H.(1989). The developing child. New York: Harper & Row.

## SEMESTER - IV Paper: XXVII Persons with Disabilities

Max. Marks: 75 Theory Exam: 60 Int. Assessment: 15 Duration of Exam: 3 hrs

### NOTE:

- · Examiner will set nine questions in all
- · All the questions will carry equal marks
- Question No. -1 will be compulsory consisting of 5-10 short type questions and spread over the entire syllabus
- The remaining eight questions will be set from units I & II, four questions from each units.
- The candidates are required to attempt five questions. Question No -1 will be compulsory, remaining four questions will be attempted by selecting two questions from each unit.

### Unit I

- Definition and classification of exceptionality.
  - -philanthropic, medical, legal and the social
- Different types of impairments, causes and effects on individuals.
  - -Physical- cerebral palsy, epilepsy spina bifidia and spinal injuries
  - -Mental retardation, gifted, and learning disabilities.
  - -Emotional
  - -Sensory (visually and auditory impaired)
- Techniques of identification, its assessment and educational modification and intervention programme.

Unit-II

Attitude of people, family and community towards disability. 4.

Physical and social barriers in the development of persons with disabilities. 5. modification of physical and social environment, enabling participation of persons with disabilities as a contributing member of society

Needs of exceptional children. 6.

Examples of programmes and policies for persons with disabilities. 7

### REFERENCES:

- Baquer A (1994). Disabled, Disablement, Disablism, New Delhi Voluntary 1. Health Association of India.
- Council for advancement of people's action and rural technology (CAPART) 2. (1996), Disability: A strategy to promote the participation of people with disabilities in programmes for rural development. New Delhi CAPART.

Kanga F.(1990). Heaven on wheels. New Delhi: Penguin Books. 3.

Narasimhan, M.C. & Mukherjee, A.K. (1986). Disability a continuing challenge. 4. New Delhi, Wiley Eastern Limited,

Oliver.M. (1996). Understanding Disability: From theory to practice. London: 5.

Macmillan Press.

P. Immanuel C. Koenig & S. Tesri (ds). Listening to sounds and signs: 6. Trends in deal education and communication (pp.1-4) Bangalore, India: Chridtoffel-Blindenmission & Books for Change.

Pandey, R.S.& Advani, L. (1996). Perspectives in disability and rehabilitation, 7. New Delhi. Vikas Publishing House Private Limited.

### Paper: XXVIII Parent and Community Education (Practical)

Max Marks, 40 Duration of Exam: 4 hrs

### Practicals

3.0

0.0

- Conducting home visits and interviewing/talking to parents.
- Arranging workshops for parents.
- Organizing parent education programs based on parents needs.
- Conducting parent teacher meetings.
- Reports and resource files to be maintained by students.

### Paper: XXIX Persons with Disabilities (Practical)

Max Marks: 40 Duration of Exam: 4 hrs

### Practicals

90

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- Planning and working with children and parents
- Case study of persons with disability a child and an adult.
- Case study of an organisation with particular reference to its physical and social environment.

# Shri Dev Suman University New Tehari Uttarakhand

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# SYLLABUS AND ORDINANCES Wef – 2015-16 SYLLABUS

OF

M.Sc. (HOME SCIENCE)
(FOOD AND NUTRITION)

P.G. Course

### DEPARTMENT OF HOME SCIENCE Shri Dev Suman University New Tehari

SYLLABUS

M.SC. Home Science(Food and Nutrition)
Two Year Course- Semester System
(2015-16 onwards)

First	Name of Course	Course Number	Credits	Marks
Semester (July to	Advanced Nutritional Biochemistry.	SOS/HFN/COO1	03	100(80+20)
November	Human Physiology	SOS/HEN/COGZ	03	100(80+20)
	Research methods	SOS/HFN/COO3	03	100(80+20)
	Food Science-1	SOS/HFN/COO4	03	100(80+20)
	Food Preservation	505/HFN/C005	03	100(80+20)
	Practical	SQ5/HFN/CQQ6	03	100(80+20)
	1.1144144	Core Credits	18	600

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Second	Name of Course	Course Number	Credits	Marks
Semester	Advance Food Science 11	505/HFN/C007	03	100(80+20)
December	Food Microbiology	SOS/HFN/COO8	03	100 (80+20)
To April)	Assessment of Nutritional Status	SOS/HFN/CO09	03	100 (80+20)
	Clinical nutrition dietetics-1	SOS/HEN/CO10	03	100 (80+20)
	Statistics	SOS/HFN/CO11	03	100 (80+20)
	Practical	SOS/HFN/CO12	03	100 (80+20)
	Food Fortification(Self Study)	SDS/HFN/SS01		1
		Core Credits	18	600

Third	Name of Course	Course Number	Credits	Marks
	- Hublic Nutrition	SOS/HFN/CD13	03	100(80+20)
(July to	Advanced Nutrition	SOS/HFN/CO14	33	100(80+20)
November)	The state of the s	SOS/HFN/CD15	.03	100 (80+20)
	Electives (Any three of the	following)		
	Notrition management	SOS/HEN/EO1	03	100(80+20)
	Mutrition in emergencies and Disasters	SOS/HEN/EO2	03	100(80+20)
	Food Hygiene and Sanitation	SGS/HFN/EO3	.03	100(80+50)
	Food Packaging Technology	SOS/HFN/EO4	03.	1.00(80+20)

Neutraceuticals and Health	SOS/HFN/E05	03	100(80+20)
Realthy Lifestyle and Nutrition (Self Study)	SOS/HFN/SS03	03	100(80+20)
Core Credits (09)+Elective Credits (09)	Total Credits	18	600

Fourth Semester	Name of Course	Course Number	Credits	Marks
	Food Safety and Food Laws	SOS/HFN/C0016	03	100 (80+20)
(December to April)	Clinical nutrition & Dietetics-II	50S/HFN/C0017	03	100 (80+20)
er calacat	Practical	SQS/HFN/C017	03	
	Dissertation	SO5/HFN/C019	06	100 (80+20)
		The second second	Las	Tapo (9/0420)
	Experimental Cookery	SOS/HFN/E06	03	100 (80+20)
	Experimental Cookery Human Nutrition	SOS/HEN/EGG SOS/HEN/EG7	03	100 (80+20)
	Human Nutrition	SOS/HFN/E07	03.	100 (80+20)
		Control of the second of the second		
	Human Nutrition	SOS/HFN/E07	03.	100 (80+20)

### SEMESTER I

First Semester (July to November)	Name of Course	Course Number	Credits	Marks
	Advanced nutritional biochemistry.	SOS/HFN/C001	03	100
	Human Physiology	SOS/HFN/C002	03	100
	Research methods	SOS/HFN/C003	03	100
	Food science-I	SOS/HFN/C004		100
	Food Preservation	SOS/HFN/C005	03	100
	Practical	SOS/HFN/C006		100
		Core Credits	18	600

### Paper-1, SOS/HFN/C001 (Advanced Nutritional Biochemistry) marks-100

#### Objectives:

1. To augment the bio chemistry knowledge acquired at the undergraduate level.

2. To understand the Basic nature of big molecules.

To understand the machanisms adopted by human body for regulation of mexicolar pattressy.

4. To recome proficient for specialization in nutrition.

#### Unit-T

Curbehydrates:- classification, structure and biological impotance.

Metabalism:- glyculysis, gluconeogenesis and citric soid cycle.

Protein-classification and biological importance.

Amino acid:- classification & structure.

Lipidst- classification and biological importance.

Metabolism of liquid.

Energy metabolisms- respiratory quotient, calorimeter, hazal metabolism, specific dynamic across of food. Unit-V

Vitamina:- chemistry, food sources and functions.

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Northic selds-structure of importance of base, nucleotides, nucleotides, DNA and RNA

### Reference:

Principles of biochemistry- Nelson and M.cox (Jehniger).

Text book of biochemistry-West and Todd. Fundamentals of biochemistry- A.C Deb.

Review and physiological chemistry- H.Hurper

Experimental biochemistry- LM.Clark

### Paper-II SOS/HFN/C002 (Human Physiology)

#### Unit-1

Cell structure and function: levels of cellular organization and functions organization, regulation of cell multiplication.

Unit-D

Respiratory system: exchange of gases, transport of oxygen and CO2 , role of hemoglobin and buffer system.

Circulatory system: structure and system of heart and blood vessels, heart heats, blood and blood groups. Blood pressure and hypertension.

Unit-IV

Digestive system: structure and function, secretory, digestivagend absorptive function, role of liver and pascrens. Unit-V-

Sense organs: structure and function, Role of skin, eye, ear, nose and tongue.

Unit-VI

Excretory system: structure and function of acphron, urine formation, role of kidney in maintaining PH of blood

### Paper-III SOS/HFN/C003 (Research methodology)

marks-100

#### Contents:

Unit-1

Science, scientific methods, scientific approach.

Research, definition, nature, role, need, step.

Expen of research: Historical, descriptive, experimental, case study, social research, portrainment research.

#### Unit-11

Definition and identification of research problem, selection of a problem nature, type-and function of hypothesis. Types of variables

#### Abert-TT

Research resign- definition, types, basic principles and purpose. Population and sample. Probability sampling, non-probability sampling.

Unit-IV

Sources of date.

### Paper-IV SOS/HFN/C004 (Food Science-I)

### marks-100

- i. Constituents of foods: properties and significance
- 2. Cereals and cereals product:
  - Cereals grain: structure and composition.
  - Cereals products.
  - Flours and flours quality.
  - Extruded foods, breakfast percels, wheat germs, puffed and flaked cereats.
- 3. Milk and milk product:
  - Composition physical and functional properties. Desaturation effect of generasing and storage.

- Daivy product: cultured milk, yogurt, butter, whey, cheese, concentrated and dried products, frezen desserts, dairy products substitutes.
- Meat and poultry: muscle, composition, characteristics and structure. Post mortem changes, Processing. preservation and their effects. Heat induced change in meet. Variable and ment preparation, Tenderizers.
- Eggs: structure and composition. Changes during storage. Functional properties of eggs, use in cookery. Egg processing. Low cholesterol egg substitutes: \* +
- Fish and sen foods: type and composition, storage and change during storage. Changes during processing By-product and newer product.
- 7. Pulses and legumest structure, composition, processing. Toxic constituents.
- 8. Nut and eilseefs: composition, oil extraction and by-product.
- 9. Fruit and vegetables: plant anatomy, gross composition, structural features and activities of living systems. Enzymes in fruit and vegetables. Flavor constituents. Plant phenofics. Pigments. Post harvest changes. Texture of finit and vegetables. Effect of storage, processing and preservation,
- 10. Spices and condiments: composition, flavoring extracts-natural and synthetic.

### PAPER V SOS/HFN/C005 - FOOD PRESERVATION

- I. A. Classification of food in relation to shelf life-Spoilage in food and its control: apoilage caused by microorganism (bacteria, fungi and virus), enzymes, pers and redenta
- B. Food dehydration and concentration: methods of drying and concentration, types of dryers, factors affecting drying process.
- 2. Heat processing: Mechanism of action, methods of application to foods (Equipments), effect on food and micro-organisms
- at aterillization.
- is pasteurization,
- c blanching.
- if, coming.
- 3 Cold preservation; Mechanism of action, methods of application to foods (Equipments). offeet on food and micro-organisms.
- a refrigeration,
- b. freezing,
- U. freeze drying.
- d. refrigerated gas storage.
- 4. A. Faud irrudiation: technology, application and safety assessments, effects on food and
- Chemicals in food preservation, safety of preserved foods.

### PAPER VI- SOS/HFN/C006- PRACTIC

murks-100

- 1. Estimution of hemoglobin.
- 2. Estimation of glacose in blood and urine
- 3. Extinuition of vitamin C in lemon juice or any other fresh food stuff.
- 4. Tissue-examination of slides of connective tissue, muscular tissues and epitherial tissue. -Extinution of hemoglobin.
  - -Blood film preparation, staining, blood groups
  - Blood pressure-clinical examination & recordings.

- Milk and milk products :- scalding denaturation offect of acid, salt, atkali, sugar, hunt, enzymes, polyhenois
  on milk, khoa, curd, paneer, choos (ripened and ampered)
   Egg:- structure, assessing age quality: Use of our in cookery
- Food preservation techniques (use of different techniques in product formulation and analysis of product for quality standards).

Son drying and dehydration-cereals, legumes, vegetable based.

Preservation with sugar-jams, jelly, preserves, etc.

Preservation - snit, oil, vinegar-pickling.

- Preservation of foods using chemicals -tomato ketchup, squash.

### SEMESTER II

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Second, Semester (December to April)	70/ ha con 1		Credits	Marks
	Food Microbiology - 5			
	Advanced Food Science - II - R	SOS/HFN/CDu7		100
	Statistics 44	SOS/HFN/C008	03	100
	Statistics - M	SOS/HFN/C009		100
	Assessment of Nutritional Status Y	SOS/HFN/C010	03	100
	Clinical nutrition & dietetics-1 y	SOS/HFN/C011	03	100
	Practical Food Fortifications as a	SOS/HFN/C012	03	100
	Food Fortification(Self Study)	SOS/HFN/SS01	03	100
	***			
		Core Credits	18	600

### Paper-1 SOS/HFN/C007- (Food Microbiology)

- To understand the role of micro organism in food, food spoilage.
- To understand advanced techniques of food preservation.
- To learn about food borne infections and intoxication.

Unit-1

Introduction to food microbiology.

- Micro-organisms of importance in food-bacteria, yeast and moulds, murphology, primary sources and biochemical activities.
- Factors affecting the growth of micro-organism.

### Unit-II

### Food spoilage.

- Spoilage of different group of food.
- · Cereal and cereal products.
- · Vegetables and fruits.
- Milk products.
- Canned food.
- Meat, fish & poultry.

### Unit-III

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Food preservation- physical methods and chemical methods.

### Unit-IV

Food borne disease: bacterial and viral food borne illness, Food born parasites, mycotoxine.

### Unit-V

- Methods of isolation and detection of micro- organism (only principles in brief)
- Immunological methods- fluorescent, antibody, radio-immunoassay, ELISA.
- · Chemical methods- thermostable nucleuse and PCR (polymers chain reactions)

### Reference-

Food microbiology- Frazier and Westhoff Food microbiology- Adam & Moss Medical bacteriological- N.C. Dey Experiment in Micribiology- K.R Anju

### Paper-II SOS/HFN/C008- (Advanced Food science-II) marks-100

#### Contents:

- (1)Introduction to Food Science: Evolution of the food industry and allied industries. Develop of food science as a discipline.
- (2)Water and food dispersions: Physical properties of water and ice, chemical nature, structure of the water molecule.
  - Sorption phenomena, type of water, solution and colligative properties.
  - Free and bound water.

- Water activity and food spoilage.
- · Freezing and ice structure.
- · Colloidal salts, stabilization of colloidal system, Rheology of food dispersions.
- · Gels: structure, formation, strength, type and permanence.
- · Emulsions: formation, stability, surfactants and emulsifiers.
- · Foams: Structure, formation and stabilization.

### (3)Polysaccharides, sugars and sweeteners:

- Starch: structure gelatinization, method of following gelatinization changes.
   Characteristic of some food starches. Effect of ingredients and condition on gelatinization. Modified food starches.
- Non-starch polysaccharides: cellulose, hemicelluloses, pectins, gums, animal polysaccharides.
- Sugar and sweeteners: sugars, syrups, sugar alcohols, potents sweeteners, sugar products.
- Sweetener chemistry related to uses in food product: Structure relationship to sweetness
  perceptions, hydrolytic reactions, solubility and crystallization hygroscopicity,
  colligative properties, textural contributions, fermentation, non-enzymatic browning.

### (4) Fats, oil and related products:

- Source composition effects of composition on fat properties. Functional properties of fat and uses in food preparations. Fat substitutes. Fat deterioration and anti-oxidants. Radiolysis, inter esterification of fat.
- (5)Proteins: classification, composition, denaturation non enzymatic browning and other chemical changes.
- (6) Enzymes: nature of enzymes, stability and action, proteolytic enzymes, oxidases, lipases, enzyme decomposing carbohydrates and application. Immobilized enzymes.

### Paper-III SOS/HFN/C009- (Statistics)

marks-100

### Unit-I

Meaning and uses of statistics, classification and tabulation of data construction of frequency distribution table.

### Unit-II

Diagrammatic representation of data- single dimensional diagram (line and bar), two dimensional diagram(pie)

Graphical representation of data-Graphs of frequency distribution. (histogram, frequency polygon, frequency curve)

#### Unit-III

Measure of central tendency- mean, median, mode

Measure of dispersion-standard deviation

#### Unit-P

Analysis of data, writing a research report.

### Paper-IV SOS/HFN/C010- (Assessment of nutritional status)

### Contents:-

- Nutritional assessment as a tool for improving the quality of life of various segments of the population including hospitalized patients.
- Current methodologies of assessment of nurritional status, their interpretation & comparative application of following:
- · Food consumption
- Anthropometry
- · Clinical & laboratory
- Rapid assessment & PRA
- Function indicators such as grip strength, respiratory fitness, harverd step test, squatting test.
- 3. Nutritional surveillance-basic concepts, uses & setting up of surveillance system.
- 4. Monitoring & evaluation.

### PAPER V- SOS/HFN/C011- CLINICAL NUTRITION AND DIETETICS-1

- 1. Dictary principles and management Gastro-Intestinal Disorders Etiology, symptoms, treatment and prevention of the following:
- a. Gastritis
- b. Peptic ulcer
- c Diarrhoen
- d. Constipution
- e. Malabsorption syndromes- Sprue/ Tropical sprue
- f. Ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease
- g. Diverticulosis
- h. Hernia. Irritable bowel syndrome.
- Upper gastrointestinal diseases: Gastroesphophageal reflex and esophagitis. Disorders of stomach- indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis, (causes, pathology, management).
- Nutritional management in pulmonary diseases: Chronic obstructive Pulmonary disease, cystic fibrosis, pneumonia, tuberculesis; causes, pathology, effect of malnutrition, nutritional management.

- Rheumatic disorders: Arthritis- osteo and rheumatoid arthritis, Gout: Symptoms, causes, treatment, presention.
- Liver diseases: Hepatitis (A, B, C). Cirrhosis, Cholecystisis, Cholelithiasis, alcoholic liver disease, cholestatic liver disease, inherited disorders
- 6. Panereatitis: Functional tests and dietary management.
- Neurological diseases: [Stroke, epilepsy, migrame, Parkinson's' neurotrauma myasthenia gravis], causes, affect of malnutrition, feeding problems, effect of nutrients.
   Note: each chapter should be dealt under cause, etiology, symptom and management

### PAPER-SOS/HFN/C012- PRACTICAL

- 1. Study the use of compound microscope.
- Staining of bacteria- Gram's staining, acid-fast staining, capsule and flagella staining.
- 3. Visit to food processing unit.

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- 4. Effect of solutes on boiling point and freezing point of water.
- 5. Effect of types of water on characteristics of cooked vegetables, pulses and cereals.
- Sugar and jaggery cookery: relative sweetness, solubility and size of sugar, stages of sugar cookery, caramelization, crystallization, factory affecting crystal formation.
- 7. Community based project for assessment of autritional status of any vulnerable group.
- 8. A small evaluation study of a nutritional project
- 9. Visit to the hospitals- learn to use medical record and obtain required information.
- 10. Identify and collection of case studies- at least 3-4 cases in every condition.

### PAPER- SOS/HFN/SS01-FOOD FORTIFICATION -( Self Study)

 Food fortification – Needs, objectives, principles and rationale, selection and basis of fortificants.

- 2. Technology of fortifying cereal products.
- a. Characteristics of nutrients used in cereal fortification Types and levels of micronutrients to be added
- b. Fortification methods
- Fortification premixes, Design and composition of premixes and quality control Fortification of bread, pasta, noodles, biscuits, and breakfast cereals.
- d. Use of enzyme in beverages- fruit juices, beer, wine, and distilleries; dairy, baking, oils and fitts, plantation products, animal products.
- e. Malting and germination of grains process, characteristics, nutritional benefits and uses
- 3. Technology of fortifying beverages, candies, snack products
- a. Technology of fortifying beverages Importance of beverage fortification, Health benefits of fortification, Selection of nutrients for fortification, Levels to be added,

Characteristics of fortificants and method of fortification, Bioavailability, Organic Vs. inorganic salts.

 Technology of fortifying candies - Product formulation, Factors to be considered in selecting fortificants, Nutrient bioavailability and its interactions, Packaging, storage, shelf life and cost.

c. Snack products - Rationale for micronutrient fortification of snack products, Merits and demerits of fortification, Choice of products and selection of micronutrients, Setting level of fortification, Safety limits, Technological and cost limits, Challenges in fortifying snack products, Nutrient interaction and binavailability.

Other special fortified products - sait, sugars, oils, Nutzi-bars, Granola bars, health foods

 Salt: Technology of fortifying salt with iron and todine, todine stability and quality of
 double fortified salt, Safety issues, Levels to be added.

b. Sugars: Fortification with iron and vitamin A, Premix formulation, Fortification level, Packaging.

c. Oils: Fortification with vitamin A, Rationale of vitamin A fortification, Stability of vitamin A in oil during storage and cooking, Effects of frying on Vitamin A content, Efficacy and safety of vitamin A added to oil, Technology of fortifying, Packaging d. Nutri bars: Selection of nutrient, Advantages and disadvantages of fortification, Technology of fortification, Packaging.

 e. Granola bars: Production of the product, Physical parameters of bars, Incorporation of fortificants, Technology of fortification, Packaging.

 f. Health foods: Selection of nutrients, Technology of incorporation, Bioavailability, Packaging.

### SEMESTER III

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Third	Name of Course	Course Number	Credits	Marks		
Semester	Public Nutrition	SOS/HFN/C013	03	100		
(July to	Advanced Nutrition	SOS/HFN/C014	03	100		
November)	Practical -	SOS/HFN/C015	0.3	100		
	Electives (Any three of the following					
27	Nutrition management and health	SOS/HFN/E01	03	100		
	Nutrition in emergencies and Disasters	SOS/HFN/E02	03	100		
	Food.Hygiene and Sanitation	SOS/HFN/E03	03	100		
	Food Packaging Technology	SOS/HFN/E04	03	100		
	Neutraceuticals and Health	SOS/HFN/E05	03	100		
°, c "	Healthy Lifestyle and Nutrition (Self Study)	SOS/HFN/SS02	03	100		
185						
	Core Credits (09)+Elective Credits (09)	Total Credits	18	600		

### Paper-I SOS/HFN/C0013, Public Nutrition

Objectives: The course will enable the student to:

- Develop a holistic knowledge base and understanding of the nature of important nutrition problems and their prevention and control for the disadvantaged and upper socioeconomic strata in society.
- Understand the causes/ determinants and consequences of nutrition problem in society.
- Be familiar with various approaches to nutrition and health interventions, programmes and policies.

### Contents

Theory

- Concept of public nutrition- relationship between health and nutrition, role of public nutritionists in the health care delivery.
- Sectors and public policies relevant to nutrition.
- 3. Primary health care of the community
  - National health care delivery system.
  - Determinants of health status
  - Indicators of health.
- Population Dynamics: demographic transition, population structure, fertility behavior, population policy, fertility, nutrition and quality of life inter- relationship.
- Major nutritional problems- etiology, prevalence, clinical manifestation, preventive and therapeutic measure of:
- Macro and micro nutrient deficiencies
- Other nutritional problem like lathyrism, dropsy, aflatoxicosis, alcoholism and fluorosis.
- · Over weight, obesity and chronic degenerative diseases.
- 6. Approaches and strategies for improving nutritional status and health: programmatic otion- their advantages and demerits. Feasibility, political support, available resources (human, financial, infrastructural) case study of selected strategies and programme: their rationale and context, how to select intervention from a range of possible option:

health-based interventions, food based interventions including fortification and genetic improvement of foods, supplementary feeding, nutrition education for behavior change.

#### References:

- Owen, A.Y and Frankle, R.T(1986): nutrition in the community, the art of delivering services, 2<sup>rd</sup> edition times mirror/mosby.
- Park, K (2000): Park's textbook of preventive and social medicine, 18th edition, M/s. Banarasidas bhanot, Jabalpur.
- 3. SCN News, UN ACC/SCN subcommittee on nutrition.
- 4. State of the word's children, UNICEF
- 5. Census report

6. Berg, A. (1973): The nutrition Factor, the brookings institution, Washington.

### PAPER II, SOS/HFN/C0014 - Advanced Nutrition

Unit-I

Energy-Energy content of food, physiological fuel value- review. Measurement of energy expenditure: BMR, thermic effect of feeding and physical activity, method of measurement.

Unit-II

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Carbohydrates- Classification, digestion and transport-review, dietary fibre, fructoligosaccharides, resistant starch- chemical composition and physiological effect, sweetness- nutritive and non nutritive.

Unit-III

Protein- Classification, digestion, absorption review, metabolism of proteins, protein quality, methods of evaluation protein quality.

Unit-IV

Lipids- Classification, digestion, absorption, transport-review, function of EFA. Role of n-3, n-6, fatty acids in health and disease. Trans-fatty acids, prostaglandins.

Water- Regulation of intra and extra cellular volume. Osmolality, water balance and its regulation.

Unit-VI

Non-nutritive food components with potential health effect: polyphenois, tannins, phytate phytoestrogens, cyanogenic compound, lectins and saponins.

### References

- Annual reviews of nutrition. Annual review Inc California USA.
- 2. Shils, M.E. Olson, J. Shike, M and Roos(1998); Modern nutrition in health and disease . 9th edition Williams and williams, A Beverly co. London.
- 3. Bodwell, C.E and erdman, J.W (1988) Nutrient Intractions, Marcel Dekker Inc. New York.
- 4. Indian council of medical research, Recommended Dietary intakes for Indians-latest Recommandations
- 5. World- Reviews of nutrition and dietetics.

### PAPER III, SOS/HFN/C015- Practical (+ practical related to Elective Courses)

1. Comparison of rural, urban and tribal communities for: (a) determinants of malnutrition (b) socio-economic group (c) the type of nutritional problem in different segments and age group through analysis of secondary data.

 Development of a plan for a nutrition intervention project in the community (the target group (s) need to be specified).
 Develop of low cost nutritive recipes suitable for various vulnerable groups at micro and

macro levels.

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- Field experience in operational public nutrition programmes: mutrition rehabilitation centers, fortification programmes, cost \*\*\*
  analysis.
- Estimation of protein quality using different method PER, B.V., N.P.U.
- 5. Estimation of energy requirement:
  - BMR
  - Energy expenditure on physical activities.
- 6. Assessment of micronutrient status:
  - Iron
  - Vitamin C
  - Vitamin A
  - Vitamin from B- complex group.

### Paper-IV, SOS/HFN/E01 (Nutrition Management and Health)

### Objectives:- to enable the students to understand the:-

- 1. Basic principles of diet therapy.
- Significance of dietary counseling.
- 3. Modification of the normal diet for therapeutic purpose.

### Theory: 100 marks

- Principles and basic concept of diet therapy.
- Normal diet as the basis of therapeutic diets.
- Assessment of patient needs based on anthropometric, clinical, biochemical and dietary data.
- · Team approach to health care.
- Planning, implementation, evaluation and dietary counseling in notrition.care.
- Application of computer in health care delivery.
- Role of nutritionist in health care delivery.
- Introduction to entern) and parenteral feeding.
- · Progressive diets- clear fluid, full fluid, soft, bland and regular diet.
- Therapeutic adaptation of the normal diet,
- Recommended daily allowances of nutrient by ICMR. Role of nutrition during different life cycle:- infancy, preschool, school going children pregnancy, factation and old age.

Practical.

- · Demonstration of a computer package for nutrition care its use.
- · Planning, calculating, preparation, service and evaluation of the following -
  - 1. Normal diet with a cycle menu
  - 2. Soft diet.
  - Liquid diet.
- Development of a counseling aid.
- Planning and preparation of diet for different life cycle:- infancy, preschool, school going children, pregnancy and location.

### Reference:

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- 1. Anita, F.P.
- Bamji M.S. Prahlad Rao N., Ready V., 1996.
- Davis J, and shexex K 1994, Applied Nutrition and Diet Therapy.
- Ghafbornunissa and Krishnaswamy K. 1995, Diet and Heart Disease, NIN, ICMR.
- NIN, ICMR, 1998, Dietry Guidelines for Indians.

### Paper-V SOS/HFN/E02 (Nutrition in Emergencies and Disasters) Marks-100

### Unit-I

- Natural/manmade disaster resulting in emergency situation.
- · Drought, flood, earth quake, cyclone, war, civil and political emergencies
- Factors giving rise to emergency situation in these disasters.

### Unit-II

Nutritional problems in emergencies in vulnerable groups.

- Causes of malnutrition in emergency situation.
- · Major deficiency disease in emergencies.
- · Protein- energy malnutrition,
- Specific deficiency.

### Unit-III

Communicable diseases: surveillance and treatment.

Control of communicable disease in emergencies- Role of immunization and sanitation.

### Unit-IV

Nutritional relief and reliabilitation

- Assessment of food need in emergency situations.
- Food distribution strategy- Identification and reaching the vulnerable group.
- Mass and supplementary feeding.
- Local food in rehabilitation.
- Organization of mass feeding/ general food distribution.
- Feeding centers.
- Evaluation of feeding programmes.
- House hold food security and nutrition in emergencies.

#### Unit-V

Public nutrition approach to tackle nutritional problems in emergencies.

### PAPER VI, SOS/HFN/E03-Food Hygiene and Sanitation

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 General principle of food bygiene, Hygiene in rural and urban areas in relation to food preparation, personal bygiene and food hundling hullits. Place of sanitation in food plums. Sanitary aspects of building and equipment; Plant layout and design.

 A. Safe and effective insect and pest control: Extrancous materials in foods, Principles of Insects and pests control.

 Physical and chemical control. Effective control of micro-organisms: micro-organisms important in food sanitation, micro-organisms as indicator of sanitary quality

Sanitary aspects of water supply: Source of water, quality of water, water supply and its
uses in food industries. Purification and disinfection of water preventing contamination of
potable water supply.

 A. Effective detergency and cleaning practices: Importance of cleaning technology, physical and chemical factors in cleaning, classification and formulation of detergents and sanitizers, cleaning practices.

B.Sanitary aspects of waste disposal. Establishing and maintaining sanitary practices in food plants, role of sanitation, general sanitary consideration and sanitary evaluation of food

### PAPER VII, SOS/HFN/E04- Packaging Technology

- Food packaging Need and role in extending shelf life of foods. Design and testing of package materials, package performance. Principles in the development of safe and protective packing, safety assessment of food packaging materials.
- Food packaging systems, product characteristics and package requirements: Different forms of packaging such as rigid, semirigid, flexible forms and different packaging system for (a) dehydrated foods (b) frozen foods (c) dairy products (d) firsh fruits and vegetables (e) meat, poultry and sea foods.
- 3. Types of packaging materials (metals, glass, paper and plastics), their characteristics and uses. Paper: pulping, fibrillation and beating, types of papers and their testing methods. Glass: composition, properties, types of closures, methods of bottle making. Metals: Timplate containers, tinning process, components of timplate, tin free steel (TFS), types of cars; aluminum containers, lucquers;

Plastics: types of plastic films, laminated plastic materials, co-extrusion.

- 4. A. Package accessories and advances in packaging technology (active packaging, modified atmosphere packaging, aseptic packaging, and packages, for microwave ovens, biodegradable plastics, edible gums and coatings).
- B. Packaging equipment and machinery: Vacuum, CA and MA packaging machine; gas packaging machine; seal and shrink packaging machine; form and fill sealing machine; asoptic packaging systems; retort pouches, bottling machines; curton making machines, package printing.

### PAPER VIII, SOS/HFN/E05-Neutraceuticals And Health Foods

| Nutraceuticals:

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 a. Use of neutraceuticals in traditional health sciences. Their role in preventing /controlling diseases.

 Definition, Classification, food and non food sources, mechanism of action. Role of omega-3, fatty acids, carotenoids, dietary fiber, phytogstrogens; glucosimites, organisulphur compounds as neutraceuticals.

Prebiotics and probiotics: Usefulness of probiotics and prebiotics in gastro intestinal health and other benefits. Beneficiary microbes; prebiotic ingredients in foods; types of prebiotics and their effects on gut microbes.

 Functional foods Definition, development of functional foods, benefits and sources of functional foods in Indian diet. Effects of processing conditions and storage; Development or biomarkers to indicate efficacy of functional ingredients; Research frontiers in functional foods.

Development of nutraccutical and functional foods – Standards for health claims. Process
of developing – preclinical & clinical studies, Marketing and Regulatory issues, Regulatory
bodies in India.

### PAPER X, SOS/HFN/E03- Healthy Lifestyle And Nutrition(Self Study)

- Factors affecting food habits, choices and dietary patterns Definition of Food, Nutrition, Health, Fitness. Interrelationship between nutrition and health, concept of a desirable diet for optimum nutrition, health and fitness.
- 2. A brief review of nutrients in general
- Energy and macronutrients Carbohydrates, Protein, Fat functions, sources, deficiency disorders and recommended intakes.
- b. Microsutrients: Minerals calcium, Iron, Iodine, and other elements. Vitamins A.
   D. E. K. B-complex, Vitamin C.
- Basic principles of planning diet Nutritional assessment, RDA for Indians. Food groups, Dietary guides and balanced diets.
- 4. Basics of Body composition and changes during life span.
- 5. Nutrition and physical fitness:

Exercise and Pitness- Definition, benefits, components and indicators of fitness. Nutritional requirements of exercise - fluids, vitantins and minerals, energy, macromatrient needs and distribution, body adaptation.

Approaches to the management of fitness and health in weight management.

 Alternative systems for health and fitness – Ayurveda, yoga and meditation and other methods.

SEMESTER- IV

Fourth	Name of Course	Course Number	Credits	Marks		
Semester (December	Food Laws and Food Safety	SOS/HFN/C0016		100		
	Clinical nutrition & dietetics-II	SOS/HFN/C0017	03	100		
to April)	Practical	SOS/HFN/C018	03	100		
	Dissertation	SOS/HFN/C019	06	200		
	Electives (Any ONE of the following):					
	Experimental cookery	SOS/HFN/E06	03	100		
	Human Nutrition	SOS/HFN/E07	03	100		
	Enzymes in Food Processing (Self Study)	SOS/HFN/SS01	03	100		
	Core Credits (09)+Elective Credits (09)	Total Credits	18	600		

### PAPER I- SOS/HFN/C0016-Food Laws and Food Safety

- 1. A. Concept and meaning of Food quality and food Safety, food adulteration, food hazards.
- B. Natural toxins.
- 2. Food laws and regulations National and international food laws, Governing bodies.
- 3. Exposure, estimation, toxicological requirements and risk assessment.
- Safety aspects of water and beverages such as soft drinks, tea, coffee, cocoa.
- 5. A. Safety assessment of food contaminants and pesticide residues.
- B. Safety evaluation of heat treatments and related processing techniques

### PAPER II- SOS/HFN/C0017-Clinical Nutrition and Dietetics- II

NOTE: theories, etiology, symptoms, assessment and dietary management of each disease condition to be included.

- 1. Dietary management of diseases of renal system: etiology, symptoms, nephritis and nephrosis-metabolic and Nutritional implications in acute/ chronic renal failure, kidney, transplant. Renal calculi.
- 2. Dietary management of Cardio vascular diseases: Role of specific putrients in cardine efficiency-actiology, incidence, symptoms, long-term and short-term treatment in Coronary disease. Myocardial infarction, cerebral infarction (atherosclerosis as one of the causative factor): Other acute and chronic conditions: congestive heart failure, hypertension, dyslipidemia (genetic hyperlipidemia).
- 1. Obesity: genetics, diet and physical activity, control of body weight, risk of diabetes and cardiovascular diseases.
- 4. Dietary, principles and management of Diabetes mellitus: Incidence, actiology, classification, therapy, diagnostic/monitoring criteria, long term and short-term management. Hypoglycemia of non-diabetic origin.

 General principles of diet for the following conditions: gout, Cancer (home/ hospital management), Effect of cancer therapy on nutrition of the patient. AIDS (home/ hospital management.

#### References:

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- Mahan, L.K. and Escott-stump, S. (2000): Krause's food nutrition and diet therapy, 10<sup>st</sup> edition, W.B. Saunders Ltd.
- Shils, M.E., Olson, J.A. Shike, M. and Ress. AC(1999) Modern nutrition in health and disease, 9th edition Williams and wilkins.
- Escott-stump, S.(1998); nutrition and diagnosis related care, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, Williams and wilkins.

### PAPER III- SOS/HFN/C018 -PRACTICAL

- 1. Identifying a specialty care unit: diabetic clinic/ weight management center/ health clubs/ hospitals/ nursing homes- select at least 3-4 patients
- Case studies: Obtaining patient's medical history, planning for assessment and
  counseling for the following conditions (at least 2 to 3 cases to be taken up by each
  student). Obesity, diabetes mellitus (NIDDM and IDDM), hepatitis and cirrhosis,
  myocardial/cerebral infarction, renal failure, calculi and nephritic syndrome, feverchronic
  and acute.
- 3. Diet planning and preparation.
- 4. Preparation of enteral feeds

### PAPER IV- SOS/HFN/C019 DISSERTATION

### PAPER V - SOS/HSC/E06 -Experimental Cookery

### Unit-I

- Introduction to cookery.
- Aims & objectives of cookery.

#### Unit-II

Methods of cookery foods

- Solar cooking
- Microwave cooking
- · & other methods of cooking.

### Unit-III

Basic principles of food production

- Ment cookery
- Vegetables fruits
- Accompaniments

#### Unit-IV

#### Processed food

- James, jellles, pickles.
- Beverages

#### Unit-V

Traditional processed products:- fermented food cereal based, pulse band, fruit/vegetables based.

Leavened product:- leavening agents, biological leavened & chemically products.

### Practicals:

related to subject.

#### Related books:-

- Theory of cookery- Krishna Arora Institute of hotel management & catering technology, New Delhi.
- Experimental cookery- Lowe
- Sweet man-food selected & preparation IVth edition 1954
- · Mejer-food chemistry

### PAPER V- SOS/HFN/E07- HUMAN NUTRITION

- Basis for computing nutrient requirements, Intest concepts in dietary recommendations, RDA-ICMR and WHO; their uses and limitations.
- Body fluids and water balance: Body water compartments. Regulation of water balance, disorders of water imbalance.
- Body composition: Methods of studying body composition-underwater weighing, air displacement technique, DXA (dual X-ray absorptiometry), skin fold caliper, bioimpedance.
- Body composition changes during lifecycle- relationship between maternal anthropometry with fetal composition, determinants of postnatal growth and body composition during early child hood, during pregnancy, and elderly years. Nutritional disorders and effect on body composition- protein energy mal nutrition, cancer, renal failure and thyroid related disorders.
- Energy metabolism: Basal and resting metabolism- influencing factors. Methods to determine
- energy requirements & expenditure. Thermo genesis, adaptation to aftered energy intake, latest concepts in energy requirements and recommendations for different age groups.
- 5. Carbohydrates: Occurrence and physiological functions, factors influencing metabolism. Lactose intolerance. Dental caries. Artificial sweeteners. Role of dietary fiber in health and disease. Disorders related to carbohydrate metabolism. Glycemic index and glycemic load of foods and their uses, intrinsic and extrinsic factors affecting glycemic index.
- 6, Lipids: Concepts of visible and invisible fats. EFA, SFA, MUFA, PUFA- sources and

### PAPER VI, SOS/HFN/SS 03-Enzymes in Food Processing

1. Enzymes- Review of classification, specifications, factor affecting rate of enzyme catalyzed reactions, enzyme inhibitors, enzymic browning, immobilized enzymes.

2. A. Application of enzymes in food processing: Need for enzyme usage, sources of enzymes. B. Application of enzyme in industrial production of starch, high fructose corn syrup,

enzymes in sucrose industry.

I. Use of enzyme in beverages- fruit juices, beer, wine, and distilluries, dairy, baking, oils and fats, plantation products, animal products.

4. Malting and germination of grains - process, characteristics, matritional benefits and uses.

# Shri Dev Suman University New Tehari Uttarakhand

# SYLLABUS AND ORDINANCES Wef – 2015-16 SYLLABUS

OF

M.Sc. (HOME SCIENCE)
(TEXTILE AND CLOTHING)

P.G. Course

## M.Sc Semester Pattern in Textile and Clothing Subject (Home Science) Shri Dev Suman University New Tehari, Uttarakhand, India.

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#### M.Sc. (HOME SCIENCE)

#### TEXTILE AND CLOTHING

#### Semester -1 Paper-1

### TEXTILE TESTING & QUALITY CONTROL

#### SUBJECT:-1TC-T1

### Periods:50hr/15hr per units

Marks:80Theory and 20 Internal

### Objectives:

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- To acquire knowledge of various physical properties of testiles.
- 2 To develop an understanding of utility of different physical testing equipment.
- 3 To develop an understanding of the principles involved in different testing method of textiles.

### Content - Theory

#### UNIT-1

- Introduction, objectives, importance of standards, different type of standard based on established science, introduction to international bodies such as I.S.I. and A.S.T.M.
- 2 Selection of textile material for research based on textile testing methods. Random Sampling procedure for determination of properties of fibers, yarn and fabric.

### UNIT-II

- 3 Fabric dimensions and properties Pabric thickness measurement of thickness of fabrics. Fabric weight per unit area and per unit length, crimp of yard in fabric crimp and fabric properties faults in fabric measurements of crimp percentage.
  - 4 Measurement of air permeability, air permeability of fabrics, fabric draps. Drape meter crease resistance and arease recovery, abrasion testing of abrasion resistance. Different Color fastness tests.

### UNIT-III

### 5 Fiber Testing

Definition, objective and methods of testing staple length, mean length. Short fiber percentage. Financiss, maturity, transile strength and elongation at break interpretation of results.

#### 5 Yarn Testing-

Definition, objective method of testing, to test-count denier twist, diameter, rentile strength, alongation at break, stress strain curves, elastic recovery, yearn appearance, even-ness, interpretation of results.

### WIT-INU

### 7 Fabric Testing:

Filling of fabric, pilling toster assessment of pilling.

Flammability some disfinition and terms. Used relating to flammability, flame proof material, factors affecting flame resistance.

#### 8 Water and fabric relationship:

Water repellent westing of fabric in rain method of sesting spray and shrinkage test.

#### Practical-I

#### Textile testing & quality Control

#### Practical Subject Code-1TC-P1

Periods: 8hr per week

Marks: 80Practical and 20 Internal

#### Practical:

- Identification of textile fibers by microscopic burning and chemical test.
- 2 Quantitative estimation of mixtures of blends.
- 3 Determination of yarn count by Bees e.g. & yarn count balance.
- 4 Determination of Crease recovery tester.
- 5 Determination twist of the years by twist tester.
- 6 Determination of abrasion resistance of fabric.
- 7 Determination of pilling of fabric by using pilling tester.
- B Determination of stiffness by stiffness tester.
- 9 Determination of bursting strength of fabric.
- 10 Determination of shrinkage.

#### References:

- J. E. Booth-Principle of Testile Testing Meanness Butterwroths London.
- 2 Grower & Hamley Handbook of Textile Testing and quality control wileg.
- 3 John H. Skifttle Textile Testing Chemical Publishing Co. Inc. Brooklyn, New york.
- ISI Specifications.
- 5 A.S.T.M. Standards.
- 6 Hero J.W.S. and Paters P.H. The Physical Testing of Textile Fibres. The Textile Institute Hammann. 1975

#### Semester -I Paper-II

#### ADVANCE PATERN MARKING & CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUES

Subject Code :- 1TC-TZ

#### Periods:60hr/15hr per units

Marks:80Theory and 20 Internal

#### Objectives:

- 3 To enable students to select design and draft patterns for various garment based on body measurements.
- 2 To gain experience in handling of different fabrics and advanced construction techniques.
- 3 To develop understanding of the relation of the pattern and garment to the body measurement.

#### Content - Theory

#### Unit -

- Tools and equipment used for pattern marking and clothing construction. Varieties and special attachment. Common problems causes and remedies.
- 2 Importance of body measurement, how to take body measurements for different type of garment, taking and comparing measurements.

#### UNIT-II

3 Working with patterns -

Reading pattern envelope understanding pattern markings, Pattern marking – methods of making patterns.

(i) Drafting (ii)Draping (ii) Flut Patterns (iv) Use of commercial patterns.

Pattern alteration, lengthening and shortening patterns, making bust, shoulder, crotch length afteration, increasing and decreasing waistline and hipline, meckline and sleeve alteration.

- 4 Costing-
  - #| Method of costing
  - b) Element cost for fabric
  - c) Calculating cost for a fabric
  - d) Methods of project evaluation

#### UNIT-III

Pattern Grading-

Introduction to grading (a) General Principles (b) Practical principles, Nosic grading applications-Master grades. Basic whole back, Front, Sleeve Collar, Neck piece. Different methods of grading patterns.

Fabric Types their selecting, Handling of different type of fabric Preparation of fabric of cutting, layouts of different type of garment, basic cutting procedures (tracing, planing and cutting) working with checks and strips.

#### UNIT-IV

- 7 Basic Stitches Hand Stitches-tacking stitches. Working making up stitches-Quick slip stitch. Overcast stitch. Lockstitch, finishing touches interfacings and finings.
- 8 Study of fasteners, pocket, plackets, hom finish, trimming and decoration, applying collars, sleeves, types of sleeves.

### Practical-II

# Advance Pattern marking & construction Techniques

## Practical Subject Code -ITC-P2

Periods: Shr par week

Marks: 50 Practical and 20 Internal

#### Practical:

- Making different type of paper pattern. With pattern marking and grading for different type of garment-skirt, top, salwar kamees, and Infant, toddler and preschool and garments and also preparing envirop with details.
- 2 Designing cutting and stitching of following garments
  - Party wear(Any one of garment.)
  - House coat with shawl collar/ night suit
  - 3 Skirt and jacket & top
  - 4 Trousers
- 3 Preparation of resource book on high fashion fabric.

#### References:

- Daling Kindrsley, The complete book of sewing.
- 2 Erwin Mable D. Practical Dress Design, New ork. Man Millan Co. 1964
- 3 Gerry Cookin, Pattern Grading for women's clothes, published by Om book service.
- 4 Gerry Cookline, Garmenta-Technology for Fashion Designers.
- 5 Juverk W.B. Easy Cutting
- 6 Ireland Putric: Basic Fashion Design, London, B.T. Bastsford Ltd., 1972
- 7 Reader Digest-Complete guide to sewing, Reader's Digest Association, 1982
- 8 Strickland Getrude, A Tailbring Manual. New York, Mac Wilan, 1976.
- 9 Singers Sewing Book
- 10 Zarpekar K.R. System of cotting Bombya, Zarpekar Tailoring College.

#### Semester-i

#### Paper-III

#### Textile Science Subject Code: - 1TC-73

Periods:60hr/15hr per units

Marks:80Theory and 20 Internal

#### Objectives

- 1 To enable student to study the essential and desirable properties of textile fibre.
- To acquire the knowledge of different type of fibers and yarns.
- 3. To gain knowledge of weaving
- 4. To understand the significance of Non woven-bonded fabrics.

#### UNIT-I

Introduction to Textiles Textile fibers-Classification-Prential and desirable proporties of textile fibers.

Natural libers-cultivation, physical & chemical properties. Man-made fibers-manufacturing, physical & chemical properties.

#### UNIT-II

Study of new fibers-lycra, lyocel, ultra fine fibers, chanleleon, fibers, photo adoptive fibers, intelligent libers, nano fibers & medical fibers. Brief study of manufacturing, physical & chemical properties.

Brief study of yarns, manufacturing process, Types of yarns, simple yarn ply yarn-novelty and fancy yarns, Texturising -important methods-types of textured yarns.

#### UNIT-III

Weaving introduction – passage of material through power looms primary, secondary and auxiliary mutions. Shuttle less looms – air jet looms water jet looms-rapier looms projectile looms-basic principles and operations. Knitting introduction-well knitting & warp knitting-basic principles and operations.

#### UNIT-IV

Non-woven-bunded fabrics -felt fabrics-laminated fabrics-decorative fabrics-branking-netting-lacecrocheting & tatting industrial textiles-t Yfe cord Geo textiles-medical, range-textiles textiles-smart textiles.

#### REFERENCE

- Fiber to fabric, Regnard P. Corbman, McGrawttill Internatinal adjoins.
- 2 Principles of weaving-It.Marks & A. T. C. Bobinson.
- Kritting technology D.B. Ajronkar
- Bonded Fabrics J. H. Kolker, Shirely Institute LLK.
- Non-Woven manufacture-NN. Banerjee
- 6 Industrial Application of Textiles-K.I. Floyd & H.M. Taylor, Textile Institute, Manufaster.

# Semester-I Paper-IV RESEARCH METHODS AND STATISTICS Subject Code-18MS-T4

#### Periods:60hr/15hr per units

#### Marks:80Theory and 20 Internal

#### Objectives:

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- 1 To understand the significance of statistics and research methodology in Home science Research.
- 2 To understand the types, tools and method of research and develop the ability to construct data gathering instruments appropriate to the research design.
- 3 To understand the apply the appropriate technique for the measurement scale and design.

#### Content-Theory

#### UNIT-I

- Definition of Research and Scope of Research in Home Science.
- 2 Anthropological and Epidemiological Research.
- 3 Selection of research problem: need, relevance and feasibility.

#### UNIT-II

- Frublism analysis : definition and stating hypothesis / objectives.
- 2 Literature search: Referencing, abstracting, computer search, bibliography.
- Selection of research design: purpose, internal and external validity.
- 4 Basic principles of research design :
  - Fundamental, applied and action, exploratory and experimental survey and case study, ex-post recto, Longitudinal and cross sectional, co-relational.
- 5: Sampling:

Objectives of sampling, principles, limitations of sampling, types of error in sampling, major types of sampling, choice of sampling techniques, characteristics of good sample.

- 5 Data Guthering Instruments:
  - Primary and secondary data, schedule, questionnaire, observation and case study, scaling methods.
  - Validity, reliability, Sensitivity and specificity of research tools.

#### UNIT-III

- Scientific writing as a means of communication.
  - Different forms of -scientific writing-
  - -Articles in Journals, Research notes and reports, Review articles.
  - Monographs, Dissertations, Bibliographies.
- How to formulate outlines.
  - -The reasons for preparing outlines.
  - As a guide for plan writing.
  - As a skeleron for the manuscript.
    - Kinds of outline.
    - Topic outlines.
    - Conceptual outlines
    - -Sentence outlines
    - Combination of topic and sentence outlines.

- Drafting Tiles Subtitles, Tables, Illustrations.
  - Tables as systematic means of presenting data in rows and columns and lucid way of indicating relationships and results.
  - Formatting tables title, Body stab, Stab column. Column head. Spanner head. Box head.
  - \* Appendices; use and guidelines.

#### UNIT-IV

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#### The Writing process

- · Getting Started:
- Use Out line as a starting device
- · Drafting
- · Neffecting, Re-reading.
  - Checking organization
  - Checking headings
  - Checking content
  - Checking clarity
  - Checking Grammar.

# 2 Parts of Dissertation / Research Report / Article

- Introduction
- Review of Literature
- Method
- Results and Discussion

#### 3 Computer Application in Data analysis

- Use of Ms-Office for Research
- M5 Words
- MS Excel
- MS Power Point
  - Use of SPSS for data. Analysis

#### References

- Best J.W. (1983): Research Education, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- Dody, J.T. (1967): An Introduction to Social Research, Appleton Center.
- 3 Philips, B.S. (1977) : Social Research Strategy and Tactics, Mac Millan.
- Drevdas R.P. [1971]: Jamdnppi of Research Methodology, Shri Ramkrishna Missinh Vidyalaya.
- S Young, P.V. and Schmid, C.F. (1986): Scientific Social Survey and Research, Prentice Hall, New Dethi.
- 6 Shukal, M.C. and Gulashan, S.S. (1970): Statistics Theory and Practice, S. Chand, New Delhi.
- Supta, S.P. (1970) : Statistical Methods, S. Chand Co., New Delhi
- 8 Garrett, H.: Statistics in education and Psychology.
- 9 Sinha S.L.: Statistics in psychology and Education, Annual Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 10 Daryab Sirigh | Principles of Statistics, Atlantic Publishers & Distributors.
- 11 Bernard Ostle: Statistics in Research.
- 12 M.H. Gopal | Introduction to Research Methodology for social Sciences.
- 13 C.R. Kothari : Research Methodology (Method Techniques)
- 14 Fedrick Lamson, Whitencey The Elements of Research.
- 15 Gond, Carter, Scales and Douglas: Methods of Research.

# Practicul-III Current Trends in Testile and Clothing

Practical Subject Code 1TC-P3

Periods:2hr/week

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Marks: 25 Internal

Current Trends and issues will have seminar presentation and carry internal marks.

# Semester –II Faper-I ADVANCE DRAPING Subject Code 2TC-T1

#### Periods:60hr/15hr per units

Marks:80Theory and 20 Internal

#### Objectives:

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- To teach students in detail the principles of draping fabric on the dress form for pattern making.
- 2 To develop an understanding to design in three dimension with the understanding of design/ pattern.
- 3 To apply art principles of design in creating dreams designing and selecting suitable fabric particular design.

#### Content - Theory

#### UNIT-I

#### 1 Fashlon Illustration-

Aspect of fashion, good fashion illustration, design research and sources of ideas-films, T.V., painting, historic costume etc. Changes and development in fashion.

#### Fashion Drawing-

Basic figure drawing basic for men, women and children, anatomy, facial features movements and basic garment shapes. Quick sketching and interpretation of appeared design. Finished drawing.

#### UNIT-B

- Fashion Drawing-Study of shaping devices gathers pleats darts, yokes, pockets cowls, princess line, sleeves collars etc.
- Fashion accessories shows headgeer hand back neck wears, other accessories. Advertising and Sales promotion-Brand standard, labeling, Fashion Show, Exhibition, Display etc.

#### UNIT-III

- Preparation of adhesive dress form: Equipment needed, grain, preparation of fabric for draping, draping steps.
- 2 Seam allowances marking and tracing. Making basic front and back skirt sleeve bodice block by draping on the dress form.
- 3 Draping on the dress form dart manipulation, pleats, darts, tucks and gathers. Neckline variation, armhole variation, waistline variation. The princess waist, yokes, basic cowls and variation.

#### UNIT-IV

- Skirts Flared, Skirt, Gored skirt, pleuted skirt, hip yoke sairt.
- 2 Draping of collars-mandrin collar, Band collars, convertible collar, peterpan collar, shawl collar.
- 5 Draping shoves-basic sleeve, dolmarn sleeve, ragian sleeve, kimonos sleeve.

Practical-1
Practical Subject Code: 2TC-P1
Advance Draping

Marks:80 Practical and 20 Internal

Periods:Bhrs/week

## Practical:

- Sketches with various patterns and styles in gurment on basic croguls for men, women and children, skirt/ blouse frocks, swim suit, height wear sports wear, summer wear, salver kameer.
- Creating and constructing new styles in following garment by draping method.
   (i) Skirts (ii) Blouse or Top (iii) Jacket (iv)Evening Dress (v) Salwer Kameez.

#### References

- Drake Micholas, Fashion Illustration today.
- Koijiro Karnagai Children Fashion Illustration Dec. 1990.
- 3 Koijiro Kamagai, Fashion Wustratin @ L. Expressing Texture 1988
- 4 Hillhouse M.S. and Mansfield E.A. Dress Design- Oraping and Flat Pattern London U.S.A. Haughton Meffin Co.

#### Semester-II Paper-II ADVANCE TEXTILE DESIGNING Subject Code -2TC-T2

# Periods:60hr/15hr per units

Marks:80Theory and 20 Internal

#### Objectives :

- To develop skills in textile design.
- To train students in printing and dying methods.

#### Content-Theory

#### UNIT-4

- Classification of different types of yard and fabric weaver-Jacquard, Swivel, Lappet, figure and dobby weave.
- Methods of weave representation, repeat of weave drafts, requirement to drawing in weaving plan, lifting plan, peg plan, relation between weave draft and lifting plan basic weaves cockagew weave cheks and strips.

#### UNIT-II

- Preparation of cloth for printing, printing pasts ingredients and their functions, different types 1 of thickeners, general principles of printing. Shudy of mathinery used for printing such as table, roller stencil, flat bed screen, rotary screen faults and remedies in painting.
- Styles of printing and their fixation methods

#### UNIT-III

- Basic concept of dye and pigment. Classification of dyes. Influence of pre-treatment on dying proportion, classification of direct dye, principles and method of application of Direct dye. Faults and remedies in direct dyeing, various after treatment to improve fastness of direct dyed
- Important step involved in reactive, vat, dyes and sulphur dyes, faults and remedies.

#### UINT-IV

- Dyeing of wool and silk with basic and acid dye & Cotton with vat & napthol dye Dyning with natural dyes (vegetable dye) faults and remedies, after treatments.
- Different methods of dyeing fiber yarn and proce dyeing. Dyeing of blends cross dyeing. & union 2 dyeing.

# Semester-II Practical-II Advance Textile Designing Practical Subject Code - ZTC-P2

#### Periods:8hrs/week

Marks: 80Practical Theory and 20 Internal

- Application of dyes and variation of shade. Direct dye for cotton, and viscose rayon acid dye for silk and wool vat dye for cotton, disperse and reactive for nylon.
- Analysis of fabric-identification of different weave, fabric count.
- 3 Construction of sample of basic weave and figure weave on loam.
- 4 Preparation of samples of different type of printing block screen batik stencil, khadi and tie and dye.
- 5 Drawing and painting of different types of design for saree, dress material, bed cover, curtain etc.

#### References :

- Birrel V. Textile Arts, harper & Brothers New York, 1958.
- Bharbaiya : Batik for beginners author Baroda.
- I Clarke W.: An Introduction to Textile Printing
- 4 Phyllis Tora Tora- Understanding textiles.
- 5 Shenai V. A. History of Teatile Design.
- 6 Shenal V. A. Principles and practice of dyeing.
- 7 Watson: Textile design and colour, universal publishing corporation.
- B Storey J. Mannual of dyes and fabric.
- 9 Russ S. S. Fabric printing by hand studio visata Ltd., London 1964,

# Semester -II Paper-III SOCIOLOGICAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL ASPECTS OF CLOTHING & HISTORIC COSTUME Subject Code -2TC-T3

#### Periods:50hr/15hr per units

Marks: 80 Theory and 20 internal

#### Objectives:

- To enable student to study the psychological aspect of clothing in social situation.
- 2 To study the design and constructional details of historic costume and making use of knowledge in modern garment designing.
- 3 To enable students to gain knowledge on historic costumes and textiles of different countries.

#### Content-Theory

#### UNIT-I

- Psychological aspects of clothing-
  - For adolescent adults and old age: self respects, human dignity, emotional response, see desirability, self expression, individually.
  - Psychological effect of clothing on children.
- Importance of inflect of colour in clothing
  - a. Sex differences in use of colour.
  - b. Colours for different occasions and ceremonies.

#### UNIT-II

3 Sociological aspects of clothing-changes in society and culture.
Meaning of style fashion and fad influence of fashion and fashion changes, role of uniform, occupational clothes, national clothes.

Class distinction and socio-economics, status, Family and social influencing,

#### UNIT-III

- 4 Origin and development of contame, Origin of clothing, Functions of clothing. Types of ornament used in the beginning. Tuttooing and mutilation and other method of skin decoration.
- 5 Indian Costumes- Historic approach from ancient period to 20th Century emphasizing the mogal period, British period and post independence period.
- Study of regional costumes of India of different states, Punjab, Maharashtra, Gujrut, Rajasthan, H.P. Assam, Manipur, Nagaland, Bihar, Andhra Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, Karnataka, Kerala, West Bengal, Kushnsir, Mizoram, Meghalaya, Sikkim, Orissa, Madhay Pradesh, Tripura.

### UNIT-IV

- 7 Coclumes Of Ancient Civilization— Egypt, Babylonics, Greece, Rome, England, France, Japan and America.
- 8 National Costumes of different counties Philippines, china, Burma, Arabia, India, Pakistan, (Study of Indian Succes.)

## Beferences:

Akari Roshan : Ancient Indian Costumes, New Delhi, Art Heritage.

2 Devaport Millia : The Book of costumes, Vol. I, II , New York, Coroun Publishers.

3 Epan CC : Costumes throughout the ages, New York J. B. Limiancott

4 Ghweey G.S.Indian Costume. Bumbay Popular Prakashan, 1951

5 Kemper Racher 4 : The History of costumes

6 Laver James : Costume through the ages, New York, Simon and achustar 1968

 Moti Chandra : Costumes Textiles Counetics Costumes in Ancient and Medieval, New Delhi Orient Publishers 1973.

I.C. Fluger-The Psychology of clothing

9 Mahal D. Erpoin : Clothing for modern collinar Mac Millan Publisher.

### Semester -11 Paper-IV

# Statistical Research Method-II

#### Subject Code - 28MS-T4

Periods:60hr/15hr per units

Marks: 80 Theory and 20 Internal

#### Objectives

- To understand the significance and research methodology in Home Science research.
- To understand the types, tools and methods of research and develop the ability to construct data gathering instruments appropriate to the research design.
- To understand and apply the appropriate technique for the measurement scale and design.

#### Contents

#### UNITI

- Meaning and Scope of Statistics in Home Science:
  - Concept of statistics.
  - Scope of statistics.
- Descriptive statistics: Classification, tabulation, frequency distribution, diagrammatic and graphic representation of data.
- 3. Measure of central tandencies: Mean, Median, Mode.
- 4. Concept of deviations : Range, Quartile deviation, Mean deviation, Standard deviation.
- Concept of normal distribution curve and probability: use of normal distribution curve, skewness and kurtosis.

#### UNITH

# Elements of testing a Hypothesis:

- Concept of mull hypothesis.
- Meaning of level of significance. Type I and Type II errors.
- Students 't'-test for small samples for testing differences in proportion for means and differences in means.
- Large sample Yest (C.R. test) for testing significance of difference between mean of two groups.
- Analysis of variance [one way ANOVA, two way ANOVA].
- Correlation-coefficient, Product moment method, rank difference method for small samples and scattered diagram method for large sample.
- Regression analysis and prediction: Sample and multiple regression.

UNITH

# Non parametric tests for testing null hypothesis:

- Application of Chi square test oo :
  - equal probability type
  - normal distribution type
  - 2 x 2 cuntingency tables type
  - z 1 test of independence
- Participatory rapid assessment.
- · Participatory learning assessment.

#### UNITIV

### 1. The writing process

- Gritting started.
- · Use out line as a starting device:
- Drafting
- Reflecting, #e-reading Checking organization, Checking headings, Checking content, Checking clarity, Checking Grammar.

# 2. Parts of Dissertation/ Research Report/article

- Abstract
- Introduction
- · Review of Literature
- · Materials and Methods
- · Results and Discussion
- Summary and Conclusion
- Biblingraphy
- Recommendation

# 3. Computer Applications in Data analysis

- Use of MS-Office for Research, MS Word, MS Excel, MS Power Point
- Graphic representation
- Use of SPSS for data Analysis

#### REFERENCES:

- 1. Best J. W. (1983): Herearch Education, Prentice Half, New Delhi.
- 2 Centy, J. T. [1967]: An Introduction To Social Research, Appleton Center.
- Philips, B.S. (1977): Social Research Strategy And Tactics, Mart Millan.
- 4. Devidas R.P. (1971): Lumdingol Of Research Methodology, Shri Ramakrishna Mission Vidyayata.
- 5. Young, P.V. And Schmid, C.F. (1968): Scientific Social Survey-And Research, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 6. Shukla, M.C. And Gulshan S.S. (1970): Statistics Theory And Practice, S. Chand New Delhi.
- 7. Gupta S.P. [1970]: Statistical Methods, S. Chand Company, New Delhi.
- 8. Garrett, H. . Statistics in Education And Psychology.
- 9. Sinha S.L. L Statistics in Psychology And Education, Annual Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delbi.
- 10. Daryab Singh Principles of Statistics, Atlantic Publishers & Distributors.

- 11. Bernard Ostle Statistics in Research.
- 13. M.H. Gopal | Introduction to Research Methodology for Social Sciences.
- 3.5. C.R. Kothari : Resnarch Methodology (Methods & Techniques)
- 14. Fredrick, Lamson, Whiteney: The Elements of Research.

# Semester – II Practical-III Current Trands in Textile and Clothing Practical Subject Code 2TC-P3

Periods:2hr/week

Marks: 25 Internal

Current Trends and issues will have seminar presentation and carry internal marks.

# Semester –III Paper-I FASHION DESIGNING Subject Code: 3TC-71

Periods:50hr/15hr per units.

Marks: 80 Theory and 20 Internal

#### Objectives:

al al al al al al al a

- 1. To gain knowledge about fashion sketching,
- 2. To develop an understanding structural and decorative design.
- To apply art principle of design in creating dress designing and selecting suitable fabric for particular design

#### UNIT-1

Fashion sketching: Introduction, Drawing. Aspects of drawing. Tools, Differences between normal and fashion figures. Human proportion-Head. The unit of measurement, average proportion. Method of determining an individual proportion -proportion of the womens figure. The balance like eight head theory, sketching of different fashion figures, basic gormant shape and accessories.

#### UNIT-II

Design - definition, types - structural and decorative design and their requirements. Elements of design-line, Form, shape, colour and texture. Principles of Design, balance rhythm, emphasis, harmony and proportion. Applications of principles and elements of design in dress.

#### UNIT-III

Colour - definition, colour theories - prang colour chart and monsel system. Dimensions of colour hue value and intensity & colour harmonies - Design, principles applied to colour in dress design.

Methods of Dress making - home made, tailor made and readymade garments. Merits and Demerits. Factors affecting selection of clothing - choice of clothing, secessories to express individuality and distinction in appearance. Applications of basic and principles in achieving pleasing personality

#### UNIT-IV

Dress design—standards for judging costume - Aesthetic requirements for dress sombility to the individuals. Factors in personality - planning a wardrobe. Requirements for health and modesty. Planning of dressing, selection of material, texture, pattern, and colour. Suggestion for person who have unusual problems in dress. Trimmings and decorations used in Dress. Adjuncts of dress- hats, has dressing, shoes etc.,

#### REFERENCE:

- Fashian Skerch Book Written & Illiastrated by Bina Abling, Fair child publications. New York.
- 2.7Inside the Fashian Business\* 4in edition by Jeanntte A.Jaranow. Miriara Guerreiro and Beatrice Judelle, Macmillan publishing company, New York.
- 3. Mary Mathews, "Practical clothing construction". Part II Cosmic press, Madras
- 4.Mr.Jimsoy and Horset "Art and Fushion in clothing solution". Lowa state, University Press, Loon.

# Semester – III Practical-I FASHION DESIGNING Practical Subject Carle: 3TC-P1

Periods: Bhrs per week

Marks: 80 Practical and 20 Internal

- 1 Eight head theory lay figure sketching. Drawing different fashion figures poses for garment and accessory displays.
- 2. Orawing and preparing samples for the following: Application of principles of

design in dress designing Prang colour

chart:

Value chart

Intensity chart

Standard color harmonies

- Design development developing textile design suitable for over spot borders of all design for accessories and garments
- 4. Preparing samples for surface trimmings.
- Drawing diagrams for fushion designing for the persons problems in who have unusual dress.
- Planning wardrobes for different age groups.
- 7. A report on visit to fashion show and window displays.

#### Semester-III

#### Paper-II

# Programme Design and Evaluation in Textile Clothing Subject Code: 3TC-T2

Periods:60hr/15hr per units

Marks: 80 Theory and 20 Internal

Learning Objectives: - After completing this course students will beable to-

- understand the process of program designing.
- develop ability in planning programmes related to textile and clothing.

Theory

Unit-1 Programme Planning-Meaning, and importance.

- Pre requisite of developing plan.
- Programme planning processes. Implementation:-
- · Aspects of Execution.
- Factors responsible for the successful conduction of a programme

Unit-2 Evaluation, Follow up and Documentation Evaluation

- Meaning and purpose of Evaluation.
- · Types and tools of Evaluation, Follow up
- · Need for follow up.
- Methods of follow up Documentation
- Need for reporting and recording.
- · Aspects to be covered.

Unit-3: Training Programme on Dyeing and Printing

- · Developing skill
- · Developing New Shades.
- . Chiality Control and Testing

Unit-4: Skill development programme in-

- · Embroidery techniques/Garment
- Designing / sewing techniques.

Unit-5: • Management Information System (MIS)

Organization of exhibitions and fashion shows.

# Semester – ITI Programme Design and Evaluation in Textile Clothing, Paper II 5 (Sessional)

## Internal Assessment (Sessional)

#### Subject Code 3TCP-51

Period:4hr per week:

Marks: 50

- Design consumer awareness/skill development/capacity building programme.
  - 2. Ireplementation, Evaluation and follow up of the programme.
  - 3. Visit angoing programmes.
  - 4. Write reports of aformaid programmes.

## References >-

- 1) Albrecht, H. et. al. (1989). Rural Development Series Agricultural Extension Vol. I & H. Basic Concepts and Methods, Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi.
- 2) Chaubey, B.K. (1979). A Handbook of Extension Education, Jyon Prakashan; Allahabad.
- 3) Dahama, O.P. and Bhatnagar, O.P. (1987). Education and Communication for development. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co., Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Extension Education in Community Development (1961). Ministry of Food and Agriculture.
   Government of India, New Delhi.
- 5) Pankajam, G. (2000). Extension -Third Dimension of Education, Gyan Publishing House; New Delhi.
- 6) Ray G.L. (1999). Extension Communication and Management. Naya Prokashi, Calcutta.

#### Semester -III Paper-III

#### TEXTILE CHEMISTRY

# Subject Code- 3TC-T3

# Periods:60hr/15hr per units

Marks: 80 Theory and 20 Internal

#### Objectives:

- To acquire the advanced knowledge of different kinds of natural and man made fibre.
- 2 To increase awareness of the students regarding the chemistry of callulose, protein and synthetic fiber.

#### Content-Theory

#### UNIT-I

Classification to textile fibers.

Polymer Chemistry - Polymerization process, Functionality : Linear and cross linked polymer. Condensation and addition polymers. Polymerization techniques, Characteristics of Fibre, Forming Polymers, Melt, Pry & Wet Spinning.

2 Fiber Structure, Formation and arrangement of Crystalline and Amorphous region in fiber and their influence on various properties of fibres - Essential properties of fiber and general properties of fiber.

#### UNIT-II

- 1 Chemistry of cellulose fibers-Molecular structure of cellulose L.S. and CS. of cotton. Capitlary. Structure of cellulose, swelling, reaction of cellulose, axy cellulose and hydro cellulose.
- 2 Chemical properties and reaction of cellulose, mercerization, esterfication and etherification, Process, treatment with liquid ammonia. Manufacture properties and uses of regenerated cellulose fibers, viscose rayon and cupramonium rayon, high wet \ modulus rayon, polynosic fibers, cellulose, acetates rayon's.

### UNIT-III

- Protein fiber molecular structure of protein. Microscopic view of wool and silk. Physical chemical and thermal properties of wool and silk degumming and weighing of silk, felting of wool, shrink proofling of wool.
- Synthetic, fibers: Nylon, Polyester, Acetate, acrylic, their molecular structure, microscopic view. Physical, Chemical and Thermal properties. Blends. properties uses and malysis.

# UNIT-TV

by Stuff Chemistry, Colour theory difference between a coloured compound and a dye.
Suitable for textiles.

2 Classification of dyes. Azoic, Aniline black. Acid, Basic, Mordant, Disperse. Vat, Reactive, direct, pigment. Brief, introduction about chemical constitution, properties methods of application and suitability of various dyes to different fibers and their blends.

#### References :

- 1 Cookett, S. R. & Hilton K.A. Basic Chemistry of Textile
- Hatsuch Bruce, E. Textile Chemistry in Laboratory.
- 3 Hatsuch Bruce B. Introduction to Textile Chemistry
- 4 Howard L. Meedles, Textile Fibers, Dyes, Finishes and Processess.
- 5 Moncrieff R. W. Man made fibers.
- M.D. Pottem and Corbman, B.P. Fiber to Fabric
- 7 Peter R.H. Textile Chemistry Val. i The Chemistry of fibers. R.Mishra S. P.

A text book of Fabric science and technology. New Age International.

#### Semester-III

Textile Chemistry, Paper III (Sessional)

Practical Subject Code: 3TC-52

Period:4hr per week:

Marks: 50

- Preparation of different dyes.
- 2 Preparation of different types of detergents.
- 2 Preparation of optical brightness
- 3 Preparation of Bleaches.

Semester-III Project Design

Subject Code 3TC-PD

Periods: 5hr/week

Marks: 125 Internal

Note: See the Guidelines in Appendix B in the Direction.

#### Semester -IV Paper-I

# Entrepreneurship Development in Textile and Clothing

Subject Code - 4TC-TI

# Periods:60hr/15hr per units

Marks: 80 Theory and 20 Internal

#### Learning Objectives :-

- To promote entrepreneurship skills among student
- To understand the process and procedure of setting up small enterprises.
- To develop management skills for entrepreneurship developments.

#### Theory

UNIT-1 •Entrepreneurship - Definition, concept and Characteristics.

· Government policies towards promotion of entrepreneurship.

UNIT-2 Agencies for development of entrepreneurship. Hole of SSI, MIDC and NSIC, Banks and voluntary organizations.

 Personal Effectiveness - factors affecting entrepreneur's role, effective communication skill, achievement motivation, goal orientation psychological barriers to self employment, creativity, assertiveness and quick response.

UNIT-3

Importance of textile industry in Indian Economy-problems and prospects of textile industry. National Textile Policy.

UNIT-4

Principles marketing and merchandlung for the domestic, and export Market, export policy of India.

# Semester-IV Practical -I Practical Subject Code -4TC-P1 Entrepreneurship Development in Textile and Clothing

Periods:8hrs per weak

Marks: 80 Proctical and 20 Internal

#### Practicals :-

all all all all all all

- (1) Related Experience :-
  - Visit to small scale industry.
  - Visit Agencies that finance 55%
- (2) Project:-Survey of local market to know needs of consumer-
  - Formation of project proposal.
  - · Report on visits.
- i) Practical: Preparation of Articles based on following

Dyeing, printing, embriodary. Garment manufacturing, soaps, detergents, stain removers.

Minimum two articles from the above are to be prepared and

organize exhibition-cum-sale of the prepared products.

#### References :-

- 1) Akhauri, M.M.P. (2990), Entrepressurship for Women in India, N/ESBUD, New Delhi.
- Patel, V.C. (1987), Women Entrepreneurship Developing New Entrepreneurs, Ahmedabad EB
- Hisrich, R.D. and Peters M.P. (1995), Entrepreneurship Starting, developing and managing a new enterprise, INC USA.

# Semester -IV Paper-II INDIAN TEXTILE INDUSTRY

#### Subject Code: 4TC-72

Periods:60hr/15hr per units

Marks: 80 Theory and 20 Internal

#### Objective:

- i) To know India's growth and development in textile industry.
- ii) To analyze the percentage growth rate in textile industry.
- iii) To examine the development in Printing and Dying Industry...

#### UNIT-4

Origin, Growth and Development of Indian Textile Industry - Cotton, Wool, Silk, Rayon, -Man-Made Textiles, Ready made garments

Five year plans for the textile Industry - Recent plan and previous 5 Five year plans,

Organizations related to the Textile and clothing Industry Concept of GATT, MFA, WTO, AIC,

Globalization)

#### UNIT-II

Technological developments in Filter Industry, Significance and uses Technological developments in Yarn Industry, significance and uses.

#### UNIT-BI

Technological developments in Fabric Industry - woven, significance and uses. Technological developments in Fabric Industry - knitting, significance and uses. Technological developments in Garment Industry, significance and uses.

#### UNIT-IV

Technological developments in Printing and Dyeing Industry, significance and uses. Technological developments in Processing Industry, significance and uses.

#### REFERENCES:

- 1. Fextiles Fiber to fabric, Bernard P Corbman, 6th edition. Me Graw Hill Book Co, Singapore
- Fabric forming systems, Peter Schwartz, Trever Rhodes, Mansour Mohammed, Noves Publications, New Jersey, USA(1996)
- Fabric Care, Normia D'Souza, New Age International Pvt Ltd, New Delhi Journals: Buddar Datt, KPM Sundharam, Indian Economy P-558. 5. Chand & Company

Ltd. New Delhi, 2006.

≥ ≤ K. Misra & V. K. Puri, Indian Economy P.450, Himataya Publishing House,

Delhi, 2006.

3. Francis Cherunitam, Industrul Economius, Indian Perspective p. 457, Himalaya

Publishing House, 1994.

- 4. Dr. Anupam Agrawai, Prativogita Darpan, Indian Economy P. 110, Upitar
- Prakashan, Agra 2008.
- 5. Economic Survey, 2009-10
- Textile Review Nov., 2009, April 2010. Oct. 2010.
- 7. www.indianhusiness.nic.in
- 8. www.textilecommittee.com
- 9. www.business.mapsofindia.com
- 10. www.toxmin.nic.in
- 11. www.texprocit.com
- 12. www.economywatch.com
- 13. www.textilereview.com

Semester -IV (Sessional) Indian Textile Industry Subject Code-4TC-S1

# Period:4hrs per week

Marks:50

- Visit to different textile mills.
- 2 Technological developments in printing & dyeing industry.

#### Semester -IV Pamer-III

# APPAREL MERCHANDISING

Subject Code: 4TC-T3

Periods:60hr/15hr per units

Marks: 80 Theory and 20 Internal

#### Objectives:

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- 1. To increase awareness of the students regarding merchandising.
- 2. To know the Importance of LC amendments.
- 3. To acquire the advanced knowledge of Boutique.

#### UNIT-L

Introduction to Merchandising, Understanding fashion Merchandising, Scope of Merchandising, Fashion merchandising terminology, Rule of Merchandiser) Types of Merchandising - Export House - manufacturer- Buying house. Buying Agency -Selection of Buyer's & Buying Agency.

#### UNIT-II

Pre-buying Activity, Fabric types, propesties and Behavior, selection of Fabric, Garment construction. Quality requirements, quality problems, Merchandiser's role after production, Delivery date extension, transport delays - Natural calamities. Importance of LC amendments

#### UNIT-III

Knowledge of Fashion Trends, Brands and Designers, Introduction to International designers. Business opportunities and avenues. Interdepartmental relationship for merchandiser, Boutique handling.

Marketing analysis - Advertising and Media Planning, Fashion shows and other events, industry tour and Project. Role play, Surveys and organizing of exhibitions-Visual Merchandising.

- 1 Fashion Design and Product Development, Harold Carr and John Pomeroy, Black well Science Inc. Cambridge (1992)
- Fashion Marketing, Mike Easey, Oxford University press, Wynford Drve, Don Mills, Ontario
- Introduction to Fashion, Patrick John, 8-T Battsford Etd., Ireland, Fullbarn road, London (1992).
- 4 Fashion From Concepts to Consumer, Stephens Frings, PrenticeHall, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition 2002.
- 5 Marketing Management, Philip Kotler, Prentice Hall, 2th Edition 1996.

## Semester-IV (Sessional)

# APPAREL MERCHANDISING Subject Code: 4TC-52

Period: 4 hrs per week

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Marks: 50

- Arranging fushion shows in the institute Documentation Fashion Brands, & textile brands and textile symbols. 2
- 3 Organizing Exhibitions.

# Semester -IV Research Project (Viva voce)

Subject Code: 4TC-PR

Periods: 5hr/week

Marks: 125

Note: See the Guidelines in Appendix B in the Direction.